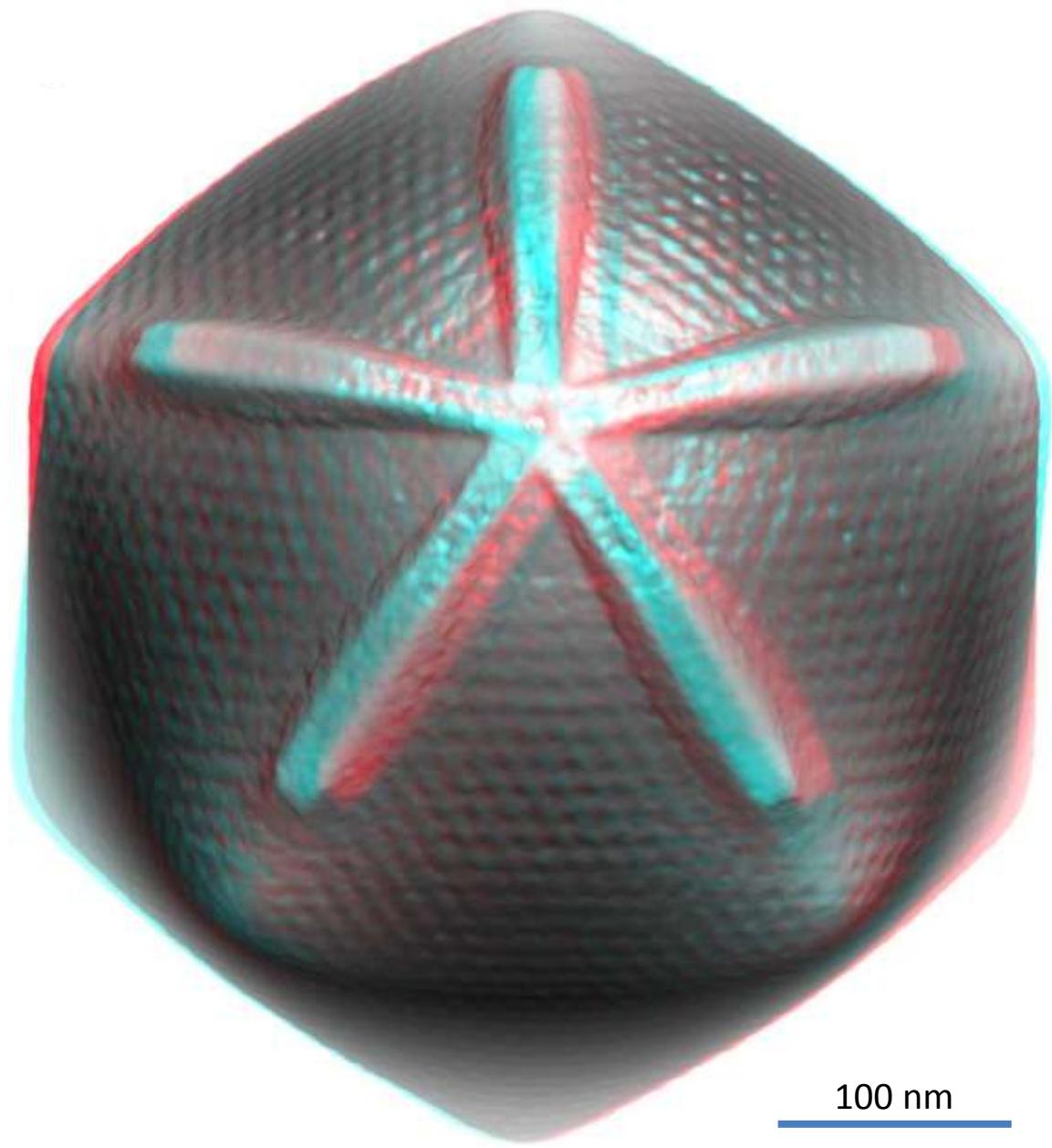
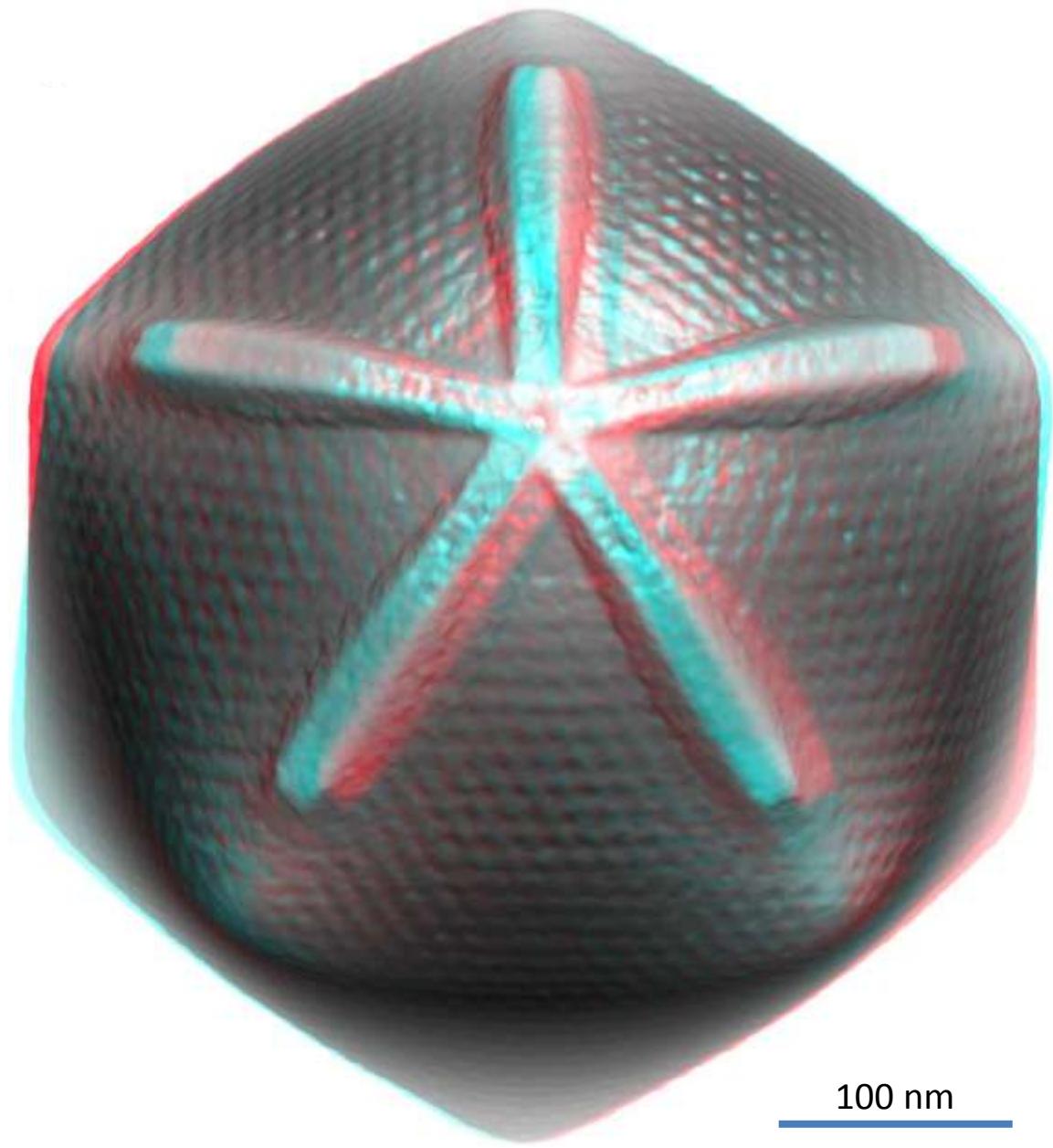


EVOLUTIONARY CONTINUUM BETWEEN SMALL RNA AND DNA VIRUSES

Mart Krupovic



100 nm



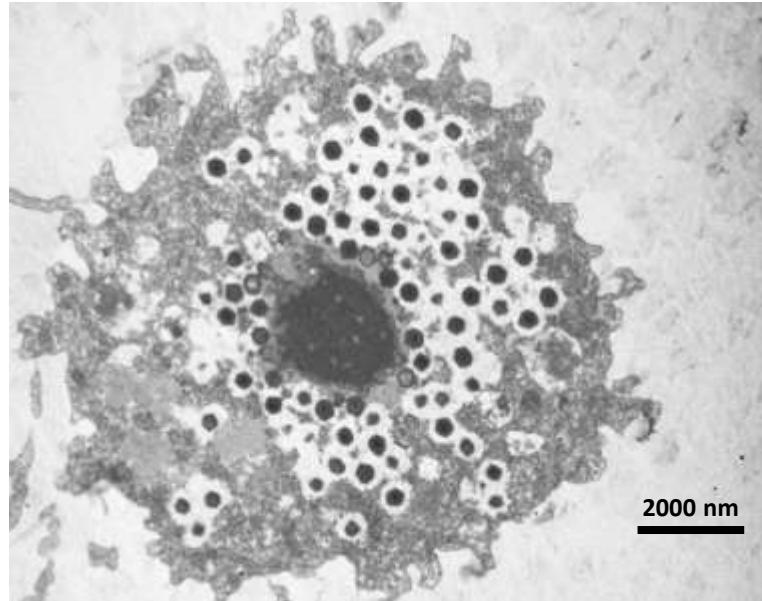
100 nm

20 nm

Giant viruses versus tiny ones

Mimivirus

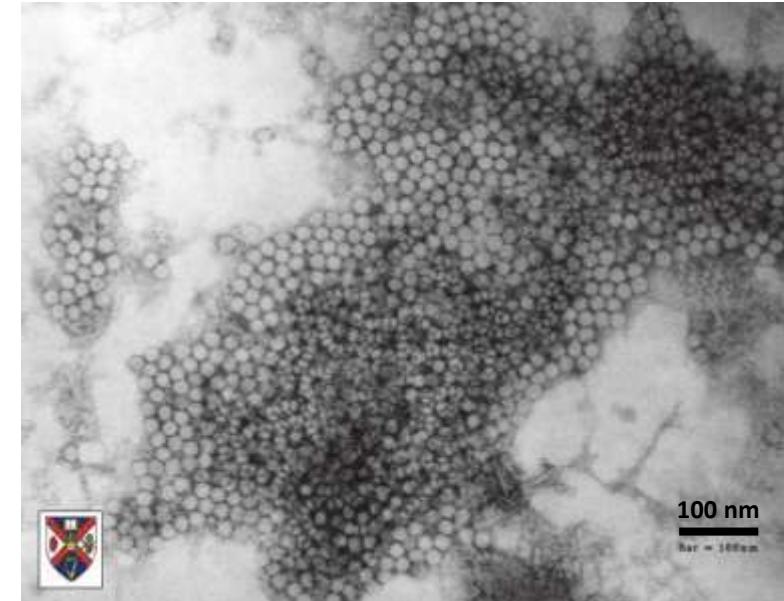
Capsid diameter: ~400 nm
Genome size: 1,181,404 bp
of genes: 1,018



Courtesy Prof D. Raoult

Porcine circovirus 1

Capsid diameter: ~17 nm
Genome size: 1,758 nt
of genes: 2



Courtesy Prof S. McNulty

The (described) virosphere: 120 distinct taxa

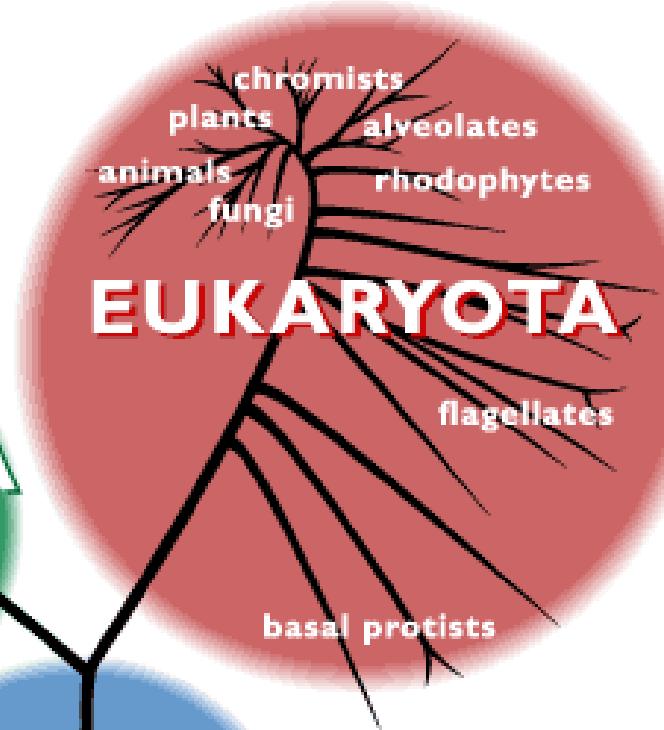
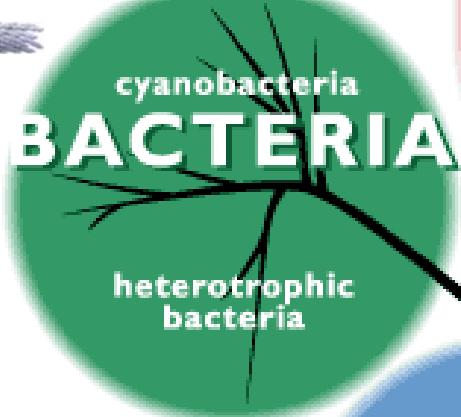
Adenoviridae, Alloherpesviridae, Alphaflexiviridae, Alphatetraviridae, Alvernaviridae, Amalgaviridae, Ampullaviridae, Anelloviridae, Arenaviridae, Arteriviridae, Ascoviridae, Asfarviridae, Astroviridae, Bacilladnavirus, Bacillarnavirus, Baculoviridae, Barnaviridae, Benyviridae, Betaflexiviridae, Bicaudaviridae, Bidnaviridae, Birnaviridae, Bornaviridae, Bromoviridae, Bunyaviridae, Caliciviridae, Carmotetraviridae, Caulimoviridae, Chrysoviridae, Cilevirus, Circoviridae, Clavaviridae, Closteroviridae, Coronaviridae, Corticoviridae, Cystoviridae, Deltavirus, Dicistroviridae, Dinodnavirus, Emaravirus, Endornaviridae, Filoviridae, Flaviviridae, Fuselloviridae, Gammaflexiviridae, Geminiviridae, 'Gemycircularvirus', Globuloviridae, Guttaviridae, Hepadnaviridae, Hepeviridae, Herpesviridae, Higrevirus, Hypoviridae, Hytrosaviridae, Idaeovirus, Iflaviridae, Inoviridae, Iridoviridae, Labyrnavirus, Leviviridae, Lipothrixviridae, Luteoviridae, Malacoherpesviridae, Marnaviridae, Marseilleviridae, Megabirnaviridae, Mesoniviridae, Metaviridae, Microviridae, Mimiviridae, Myoviridae, Nanoviridae, Narnaviridae, Nimaviridae, Nodaviridae, Nudiviridae, Ophioviridae, Orthomyxoviridae, Ourmiavirus, Papillomaviridae, Paramyxoviridae, Partitiviridae, Parvoviridae, Permutotetraviridae, Phycodnaviridae, Picobirnaviridae, Picornaviridae, 'Pleolipoviridae', Plasmaviridae, Podoviridae, Polemovirus, Polydnnaviridae, Polyomaviridae, Potyviridae, Poxviridae, Pseudoviridae, Quadriviridae, Reoviridae, Retroviridae, Rhabdoviridae, Rhizidiovirus, Roniviridae, Rudiviridae, Salterprovirus, Secoviridae, Sobemovirus, Siphoviridae, Spiraviridae, 'Sphaerolipoviridae', Tectiviridae, Tenuivirus, Togaviridae, Tombusviridae, Totiviridae, Turriviridae, Tymoviridae, Umbravivirus, Varicosavirus, Virgaviridae

The (described) virosphere: 120 distinct taxa

*Adenoviridae, Alloherpesviridae, Alphaflexiviridae, Alphatetraviridae, Alvernaviridae, Amalgaviridae, Ampullaviridae, Anelloviridae, Arenaviridae, Arteriviridae, Ascoviridae, Asfarviridae, Astroviridae, **Bacilladnavirus**, Bacillarnavirus, Baculoviridae, Barnaviridae, Benyviridae, Betaflexiviridae, Bicaudaviridae, **Bidnaviridae**, Birnaviridae, Bornaviridae, Bromoviridae, Bunyaviridae, Caliciviridae, Carmotetraviridae, Caulimoviridae, Chrysoviridae, Cilevirus, **Circoviridae**, Clavaviridae, Closteroviridae, Coronaviridae, Corticoviridae, Cystoviridae, Deltavirus, Dicistroviridae, Dinodnavirus, Emaravirus, Endornaviridae, Filoviridae, Flaviviridae, Fuselloviridae, Gammaflexiviridae, **Geminiviridae**, '**Gemycircularvirus**', Globuloviridae, Guttaviridae, Hepadnaviridae, Hepeviridae, Herpesviridae, Higrevirus, Hypoviridae, Hytrosaviridae, Idaeovirus, Iflaviridae, **Inoviridae**, Iridoviridae, Labyrnavirus, Leviviridae, Lipothrixviridae, Luteoviridae, Malacoherpesviridae, Marnaviridae, Marseilleviridae, Megabirnaviridae, Mesoniviridae, Metaviridae, **Microviridae**, Mimiviridae, Myoviridae, **Nanoviridae**, Narnaviridae, Nimaviridae, Nodaviridae, Nudiviridae, Ophioviridae, Orthomyxoviridae, Ourmaviirus, Papillomaviridae, Paramyxoviridae, Partitiviridae, **Parvoviridae**, Permutotetraviridae, Phycodnaviridae, Picobirnaviridae, Picornaviridae, '**Pleolipoviridae**', Plasmaviridae, Podoviridae, Polemovirus, Polydnnaviridae, Polyomaviridae, Potyviridae, Poxviridae, Pseudoviridae, Quadriviridae, Reoviridae, Retroviridae, Rhabdoviridae, Rhizidiovirus, Roniviridae, Rudiviridae, Salterprovirus, Secoviridae, Sobemovirus, Siphoviridae, **Spiraviridae**, '**Sphaerolipoviridae**', Tectiviridae, Tenuivirus, Togaviridae, Tombusviridae, Totiviridae, Turriviridae, Tymoviridae, Umbravivirus, Varicosavirus, Virgaviridae*

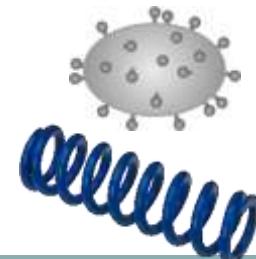


*Microviridae,
Inoviridae*

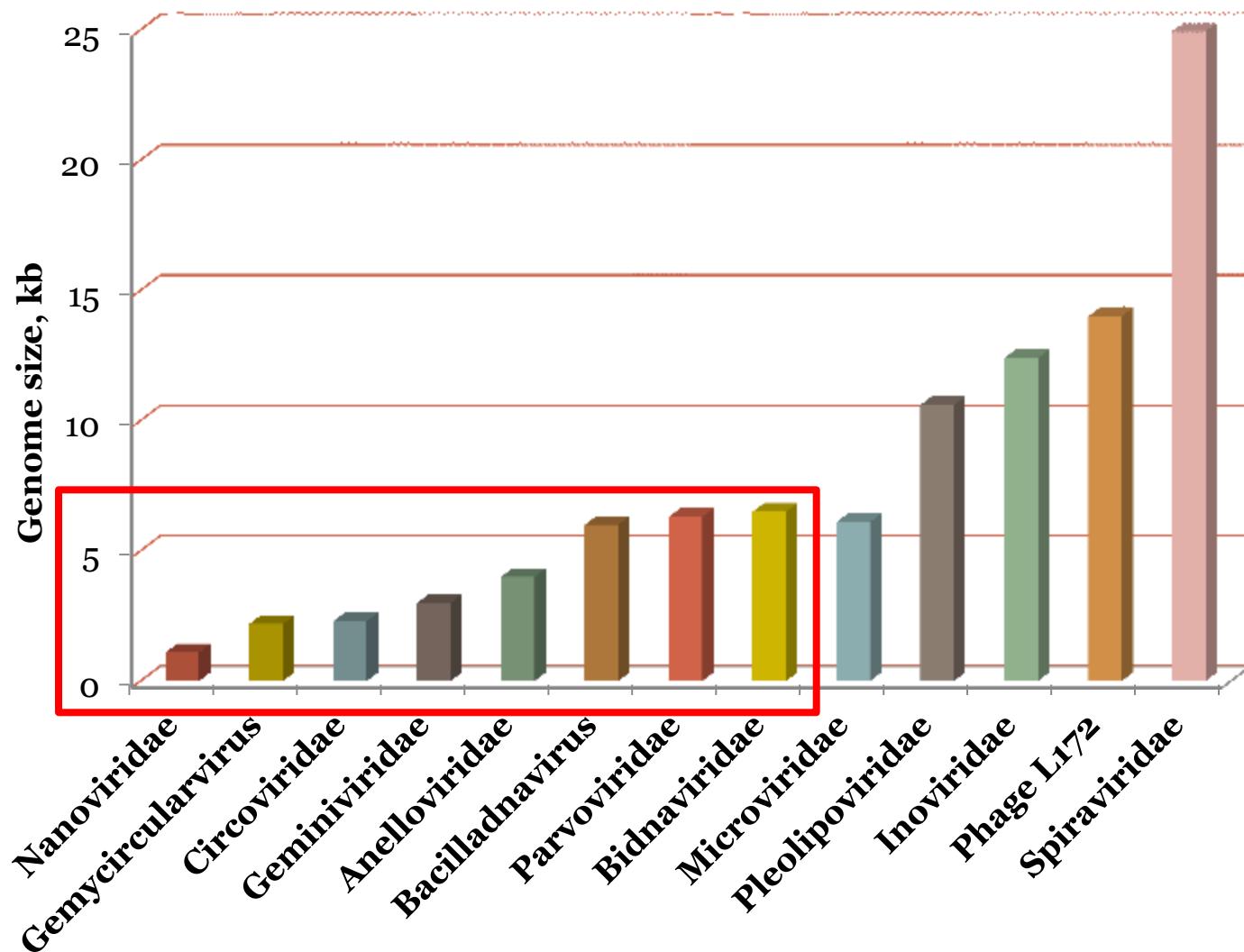


*Pleolipoviridae,
Spiraviridae*

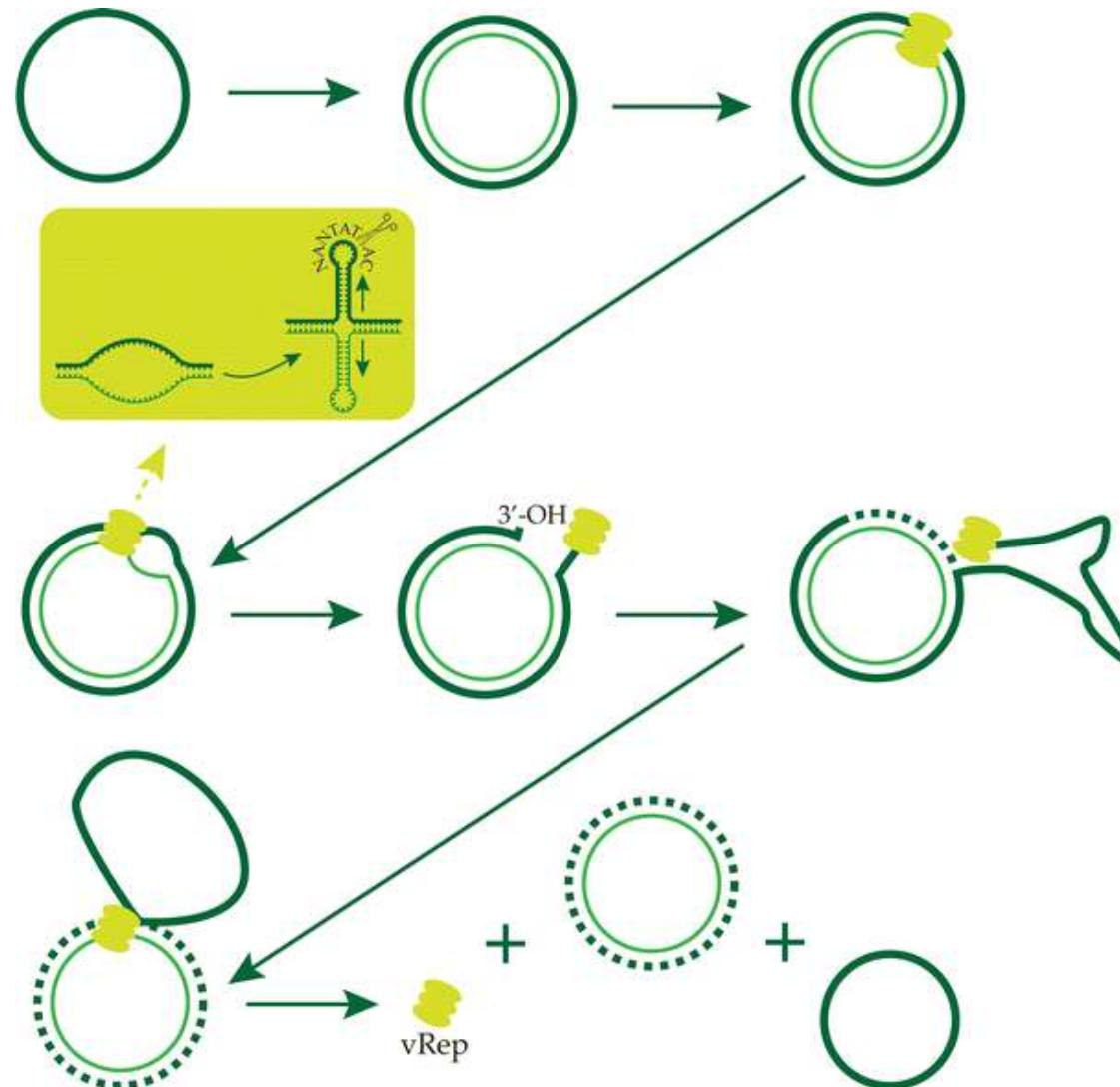
*Anelloviridae,
Bidnaviridae,
Circoviridae,
Geminiviridae,
Nanoviridae,
Parvoviridae,
Bacilladnavirus,
Geminicyclovirus*



Genomes of eukaryotic ssDNA viruses are <10 kb



Majority of ssDNA viruses replicate via RC mechanism



Overview of ssDNA viruses

Host/virus taxon	Virion morphology	CP fold	Genome topology	Genome size (kb)	Replication protein
Bacteria					
<i>Microviridae</i>	Icosahedral	Jelly-roll	Circular	4.4–6.1	RC-Rep
<i>Inoviridae</i>	Filamentous/ rod-shaped	α-Helix	Circular	4.5–12.4	RC-Rep
Mycoplasma virus L172 (unclassified)	Pleomorphic	NA	Circular	~14 ^b	Unknown
Archaea					
<i>Pleolipoviridae</i> ^a	Pleomorphic	NA	Circular (ss or ds)	7–10.6	RC-Rep
<i>Spiraviridae</i> ^a	Coil-shaped	NA	Circular	24.9	Unknown
Eukarya					
<i>Anelloviridae</i>	Icosahedral	NA	Circular	2–4	RC-Rep (TBC)
<i>Bidnaviridae</i>	Icosahedral	NA	Linear, segmented, ITR	6–6.5 per segment	DNA Pol B
<i>Circoviridae</i>	Icosahedral	Jelly-roll	Circular	1.7–2.3	RC-Rep
<i>Geminiviridae</i>	Icosahedral (geminate)	Jelly-roll	Circular, segmented	2.5–3 per segment	RC-Rep
<i>Nanoviridae</i>	Icosahedral	NA	Circular, segmented	0.98–1.1 per segment	RC-Rep
<i>Parvoviridae</i>	Icosahedral	Jelly-roll	Linear, ITR	4–6.3	RC-Rep
<i>Bacilladnavirus</i>	Icosahedral	NA	Circular, partially ds	5.8–6	RC-Rep
<i>Gemycircularvirus</i> ^a	Icosahedral	NA	Circular	2.2	RC-Rep

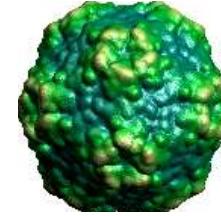
TBC, to be confirmed; NA, not available; ITR, inverted terminal repeats.

^a Taxa not (yet) approved by ICTV.

^b Complete genome sequence is not available.

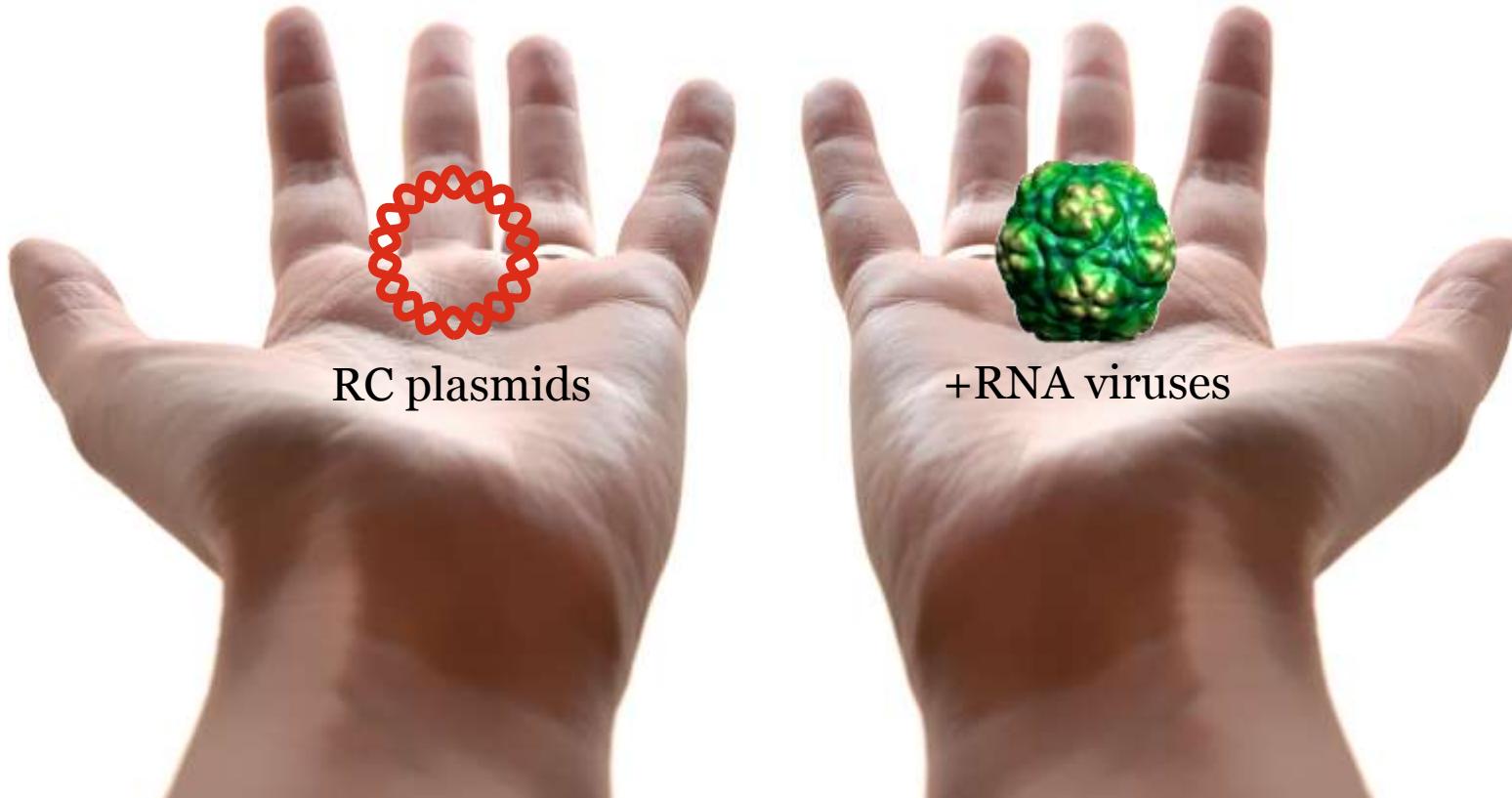
Bilateral evolutionary relationship

ssDNA viruses



RC plasmids

+RNA viruses



Relationship between ssDNA viruses and RC plasmids



RC endonuclease domain

	Motif I	Motif II	Motif III			
<i>Microviridae</i> φX174	IVFDTLTL	GR LHFHAVH	VGF YVAKYVN			
<i>Inoviridae</i> φLf	WYF LTLTY	FRPHYHVML	CVGY LAKYAS			
<i>Pleolipoviridae</i> HRPV-1	VMVT LTTD	GLPH LHVCV	VAGY LGKYLS			

SF3 helicase domain

				Walker A	Walker B	Walker C
<i>Parvoviridae</i> AAV2	YEIVIKVP	SYFHMHV LV	I PNYLLPKTQ	WLFGPA-TTGKTNI	VIWWEEGK	PVI VTS
<i>Circoviridae</i> PCV2	WVFT LNNP	RT PH LQGFA	NKEYCSKEGN	VIVGPP-GCGKSKW	VVVIDDFY	SILITS
<i>Nanoviridae</i> BTV	WMFT INNP	GTRHVQGYV	ARS YCMKEDT	WVYGPKGGE GKTTY	IVIFDIPR	EVIVMA
<i>Geminiviridae</i> MSV	NTF LTYPH	GDMH LHALL	VRDY I LKEPL	YIVGPT-RTGKSTW	YNIVDDIP	PTIILA
<i>Gemycircularvirus</i> SsHADV-1	YVLL TYAQ	GGTH LHCFA	GYDYAI KDGD	VLYGPS-QTGKT SW	YAVFDDIR	PSIWCS
<i>Bacilladnavirus</i> CsNIV	SQFT LNAQ	GAL HAI YF	AINYVLDDAK	I LYGAG-GT GKT TT	IVHFEET	TVIFTS

<i>Porphyra</i> plasmid	LFF LTYPC	GYDH FHVLL	SLKYICKEGD	YIHGKP-GIGKTNM	AIG FDDVN	PKVFIS
<i>Phytoplasma</i> pAYWB-II	CELVINAN	KSPHYHIYL	ALMYMTHANS	FITGQS-GSGKSTL	CI IL DDR	LIIITT
<i>Lactococcus</i> pQA504	FGFTQQFK	KE LHMHAVI	MLAYLVHAKD	YI QGAP-RMGKTFF	IV FMDDL R	VIVITS
<i>Staphylococcus</i> SAP110B	TKF MYTQQ	VAEH LHVFI	GYLYLLH KTK	WIFGKS-STGKSMM	VI IIEFR	LII INT
<i>Bifidobacterium</i> p4M	TDW LLTIR	GYRH YQIFA	AVGYCSKEKT	F LYGET-GVGKT SH	I LLL DEFT	RI WVS

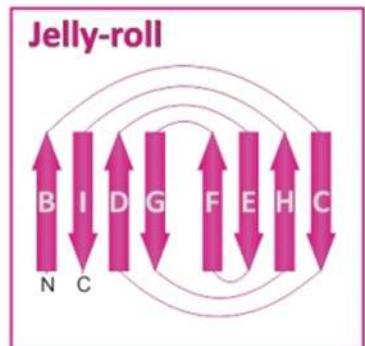
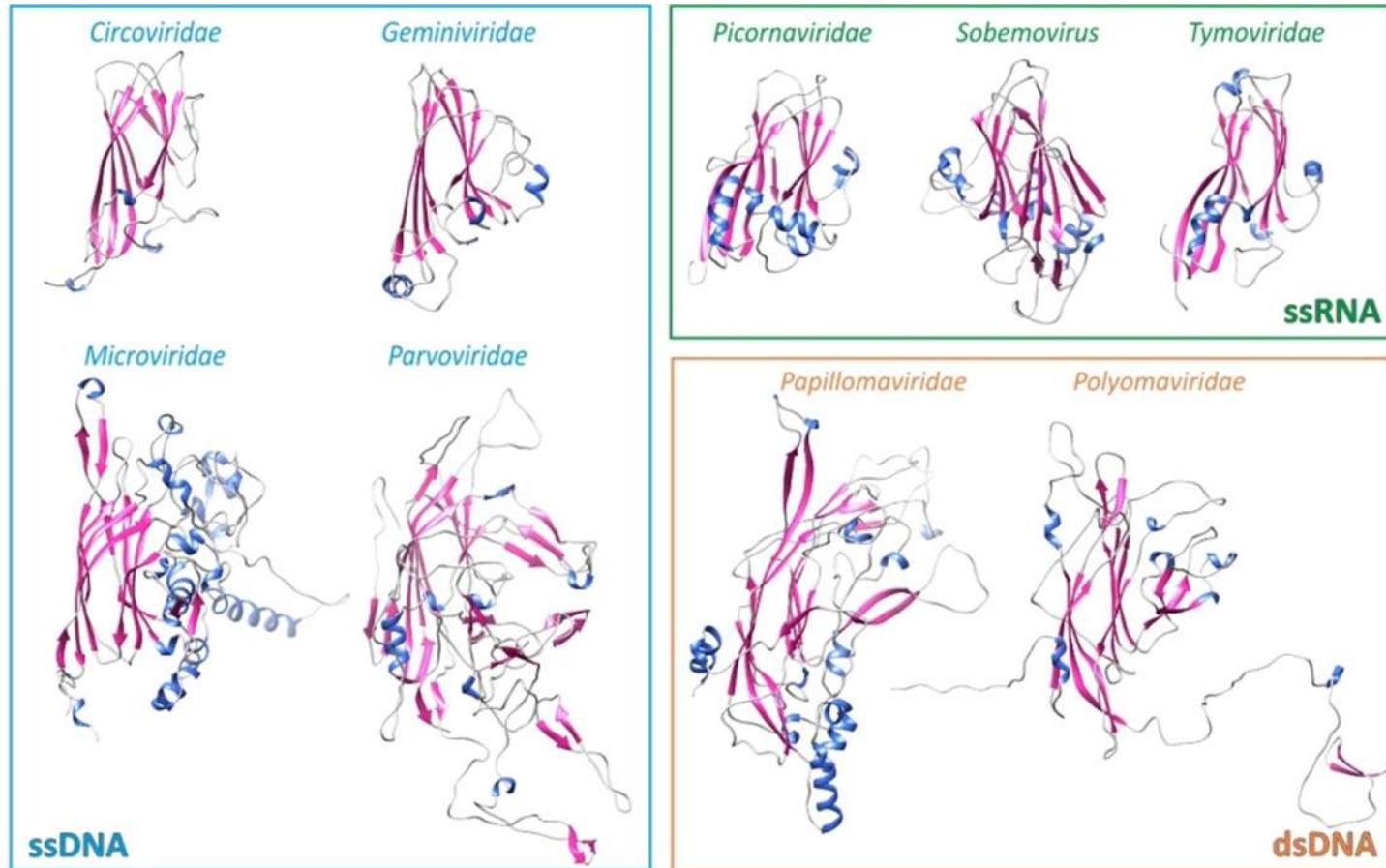
<i>Polyomaviridae</i> SV40	ACFAI YTT	SY NHNI LFF	YLMY SALT RD	LF KGPI-DSGKT TL	LV VFEDVK	PG IVTM
<i>Papillomaviridae</i> HPV16	GWF YVEAV	WGMVV LLLV	AAL YWYKTGI	LL YGAA-NTGKS LF	IGML DDAT	PPLL IT

 Prokaryotic ssDNA viruses

 Eukaryotic ssDNA viruses

 Eukaryotic and bacterial plasmids

 dsDNA viruses with JR-CPs



ssDNA viruses

Circoviridae
Geminiviridae
Microviridae
Parvoviridae

dsDNA viruses
Papillomaviridae
Polyomaviridae

ssRNA viruses

Alphatetraviridae
Alvernaviridae
Astroviridae
Bromoviridae
Caliciviridae
Carmotetraviridae
Dicistroviridae
Hepeviridae

Iflaviridae

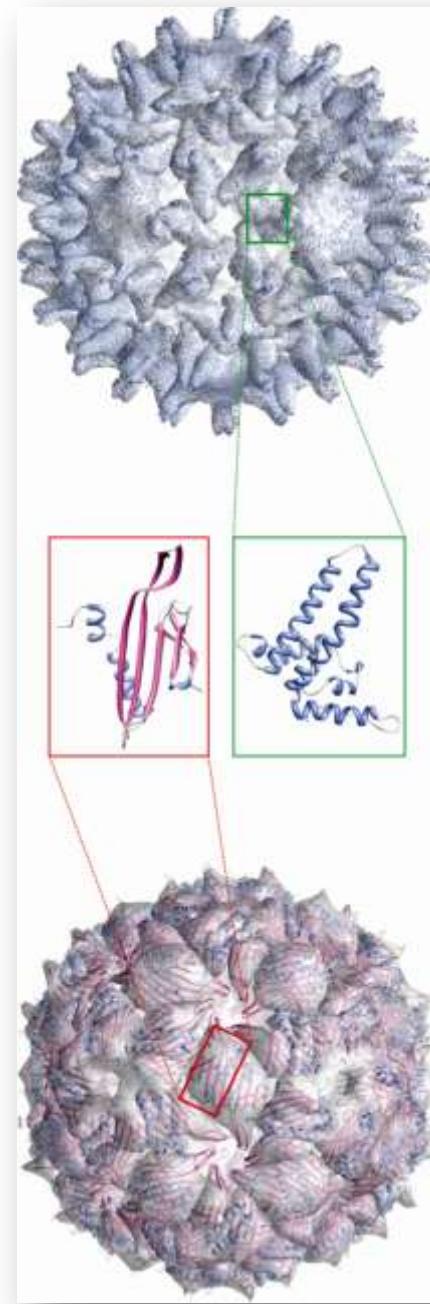
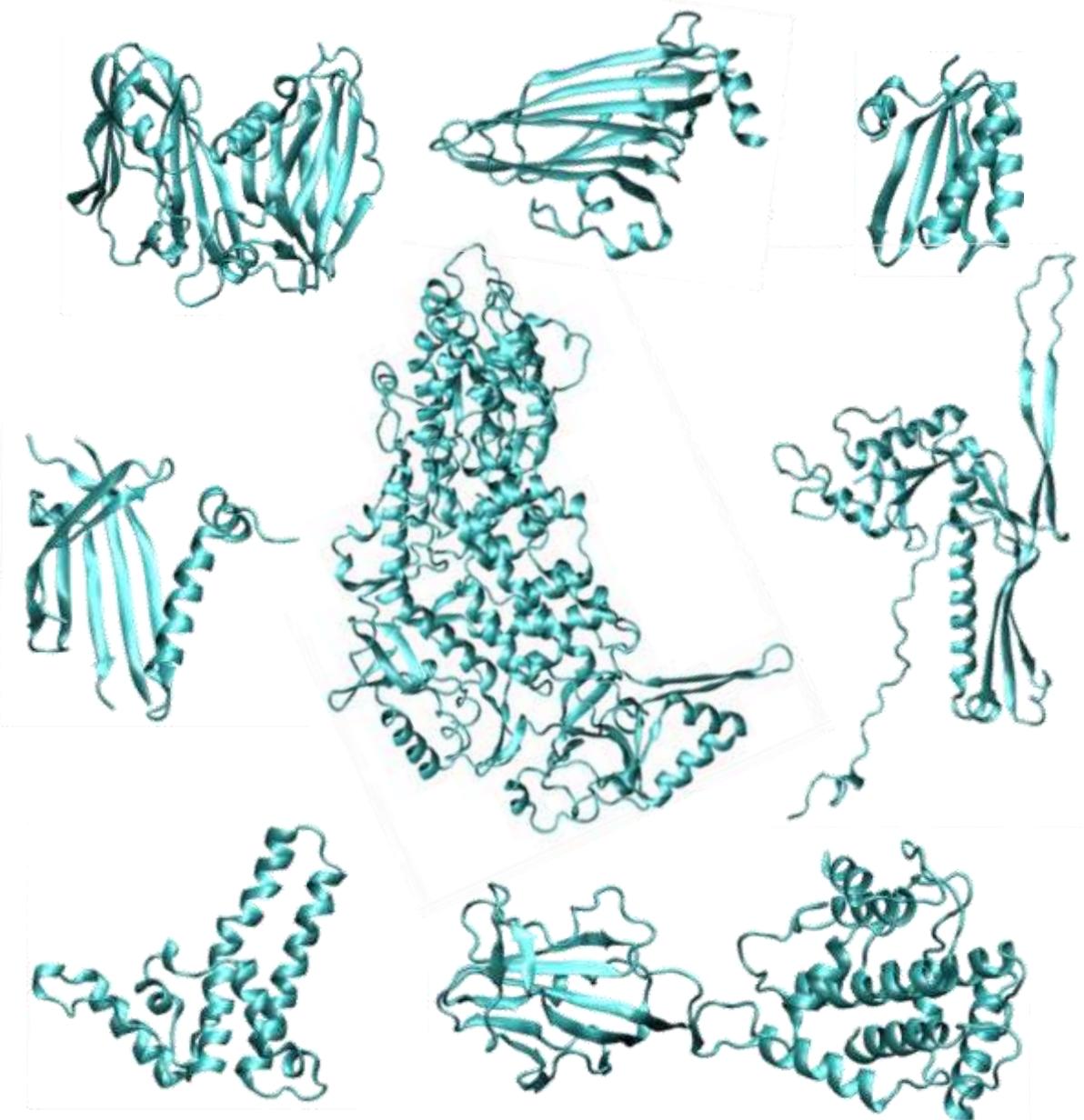
Luteoviridae
Marnaviridae
Nodaviridae
Picornaviridae
Secoviridae
Tombusviridae
Tymoviridae
Permutotetraviridae

Bacillarnavirus

Labynnavirus
Sobemovirus
STNV-like satellites

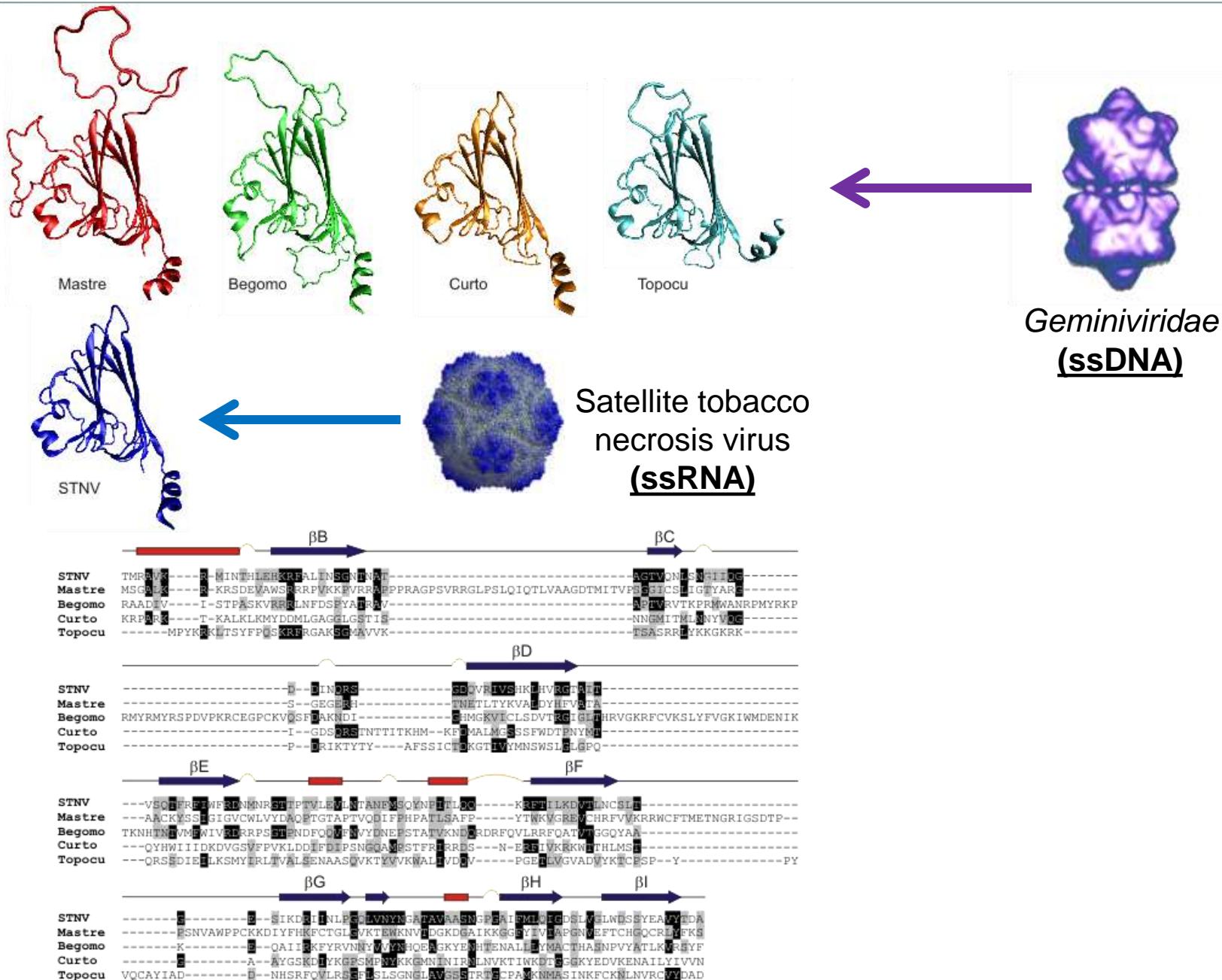
dsRNA viruses

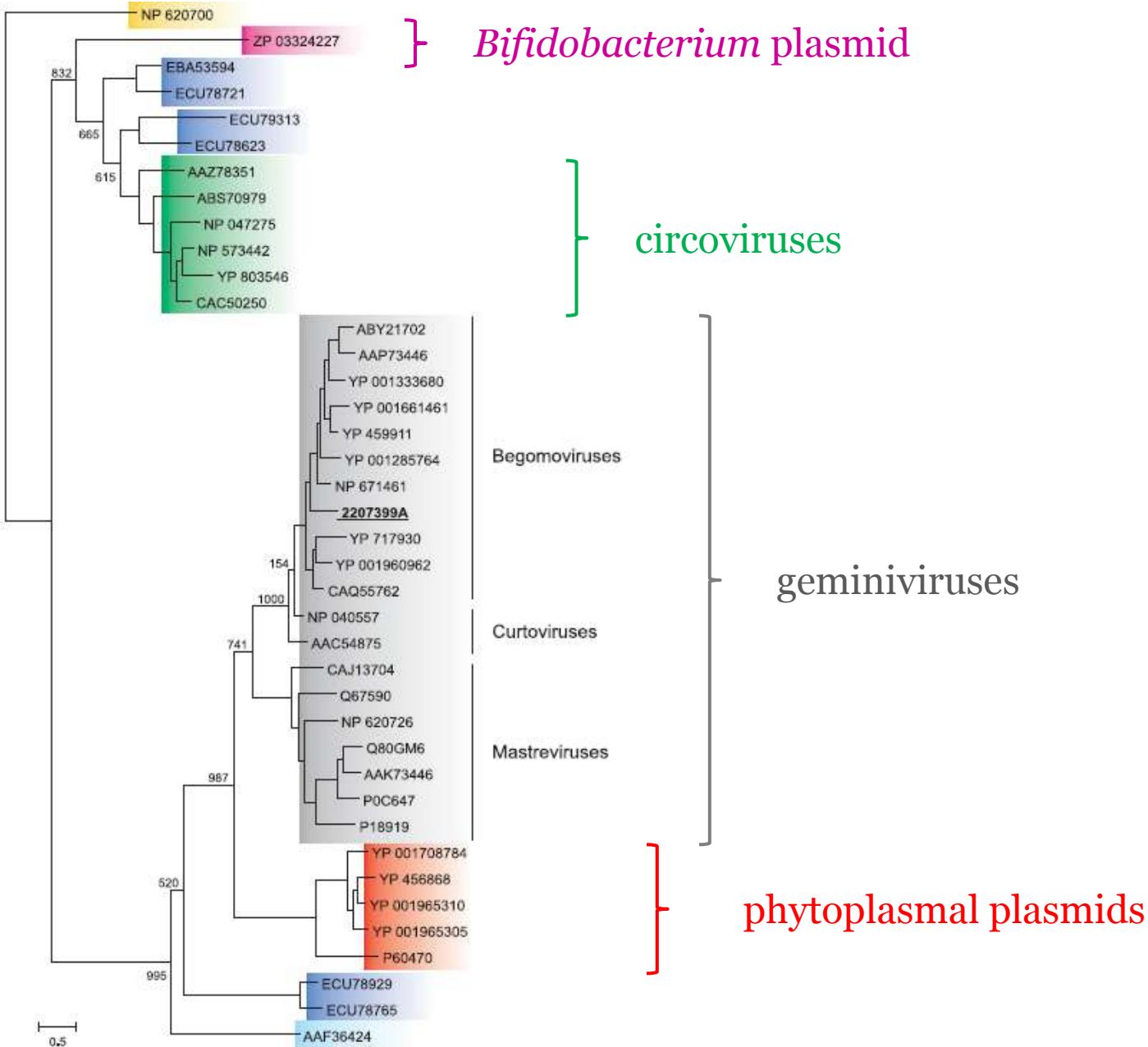
Birnaviridae





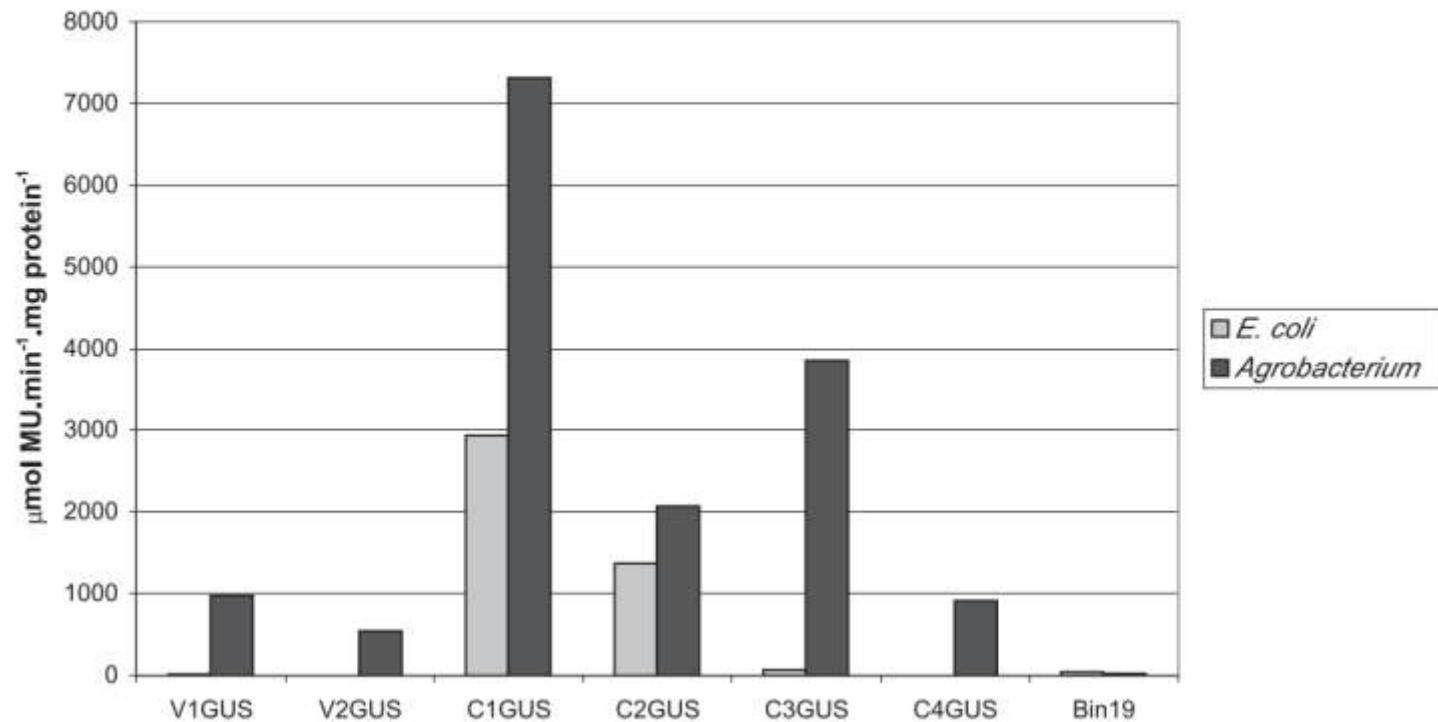
*Geminiviruses: a tale of a
plasmid becoming a virus*





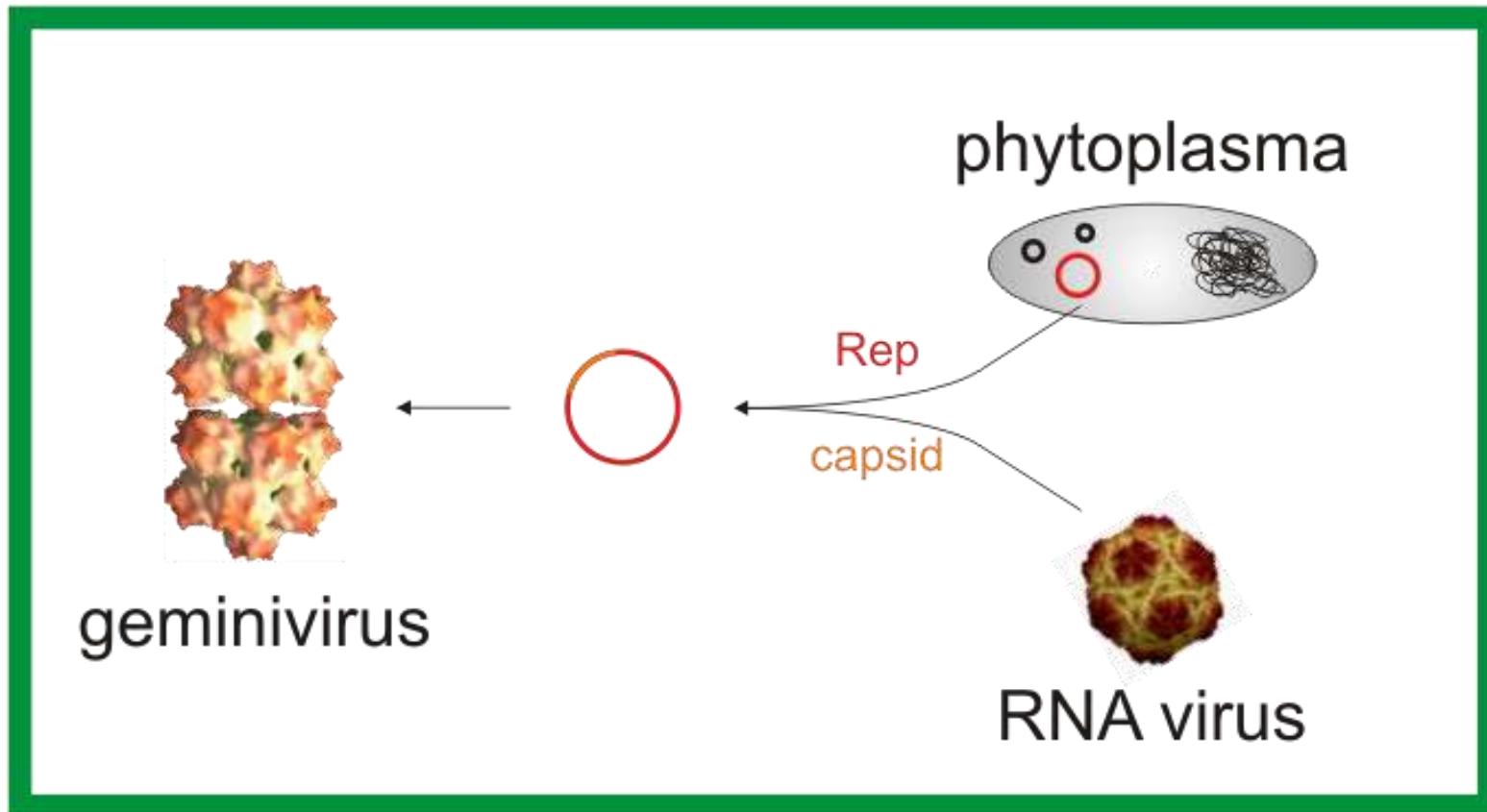
Geminiviruses contain prokaryotic promoters

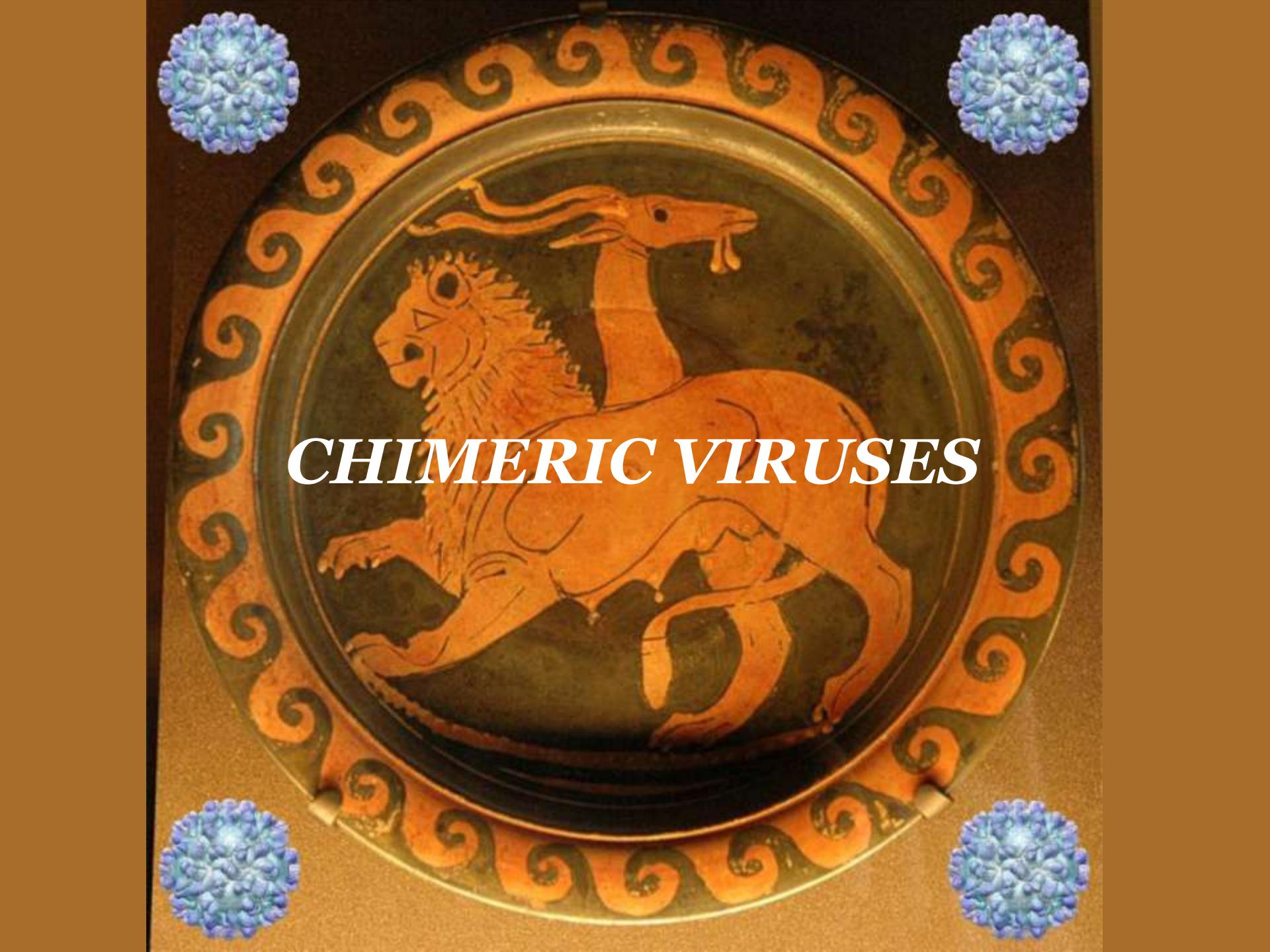
In vivo GUS expression by TLCV promoters in *E. coli* and *Agrobacterium*



Plasmid-to-virus transition

plant cell





CHIMERIC VIRUSES

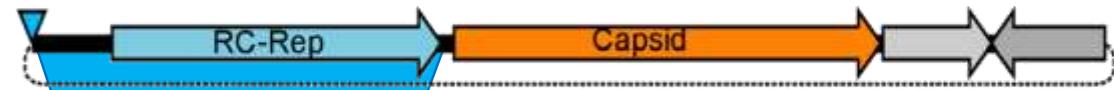
Chimeric viruses: RNA-DNA hybrid virus (RDHV)

Boiling Springs Lake RDHV : 4.1kb
ssDNA



Chimeric viruses: RNA-DNA hybrid virus (RDHV)

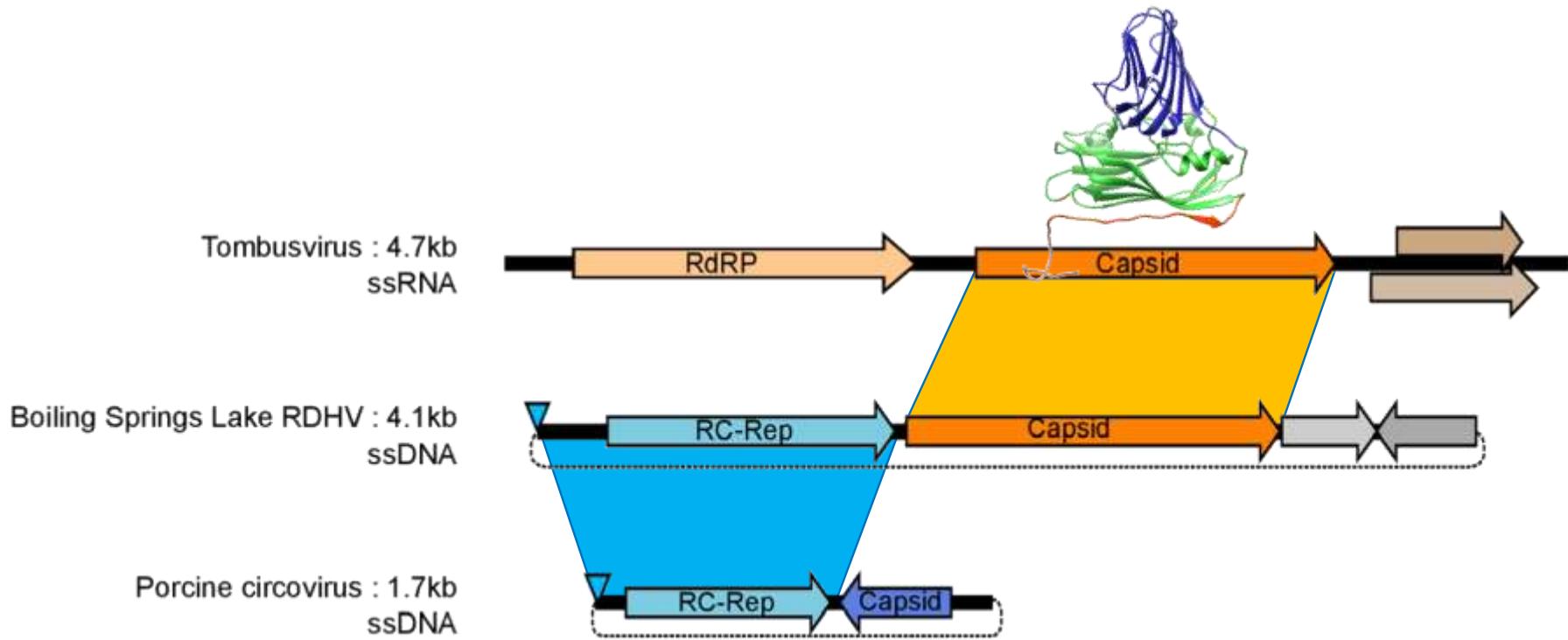
Boiling Springs Lake RDHV : 4.1kb
ssDNA



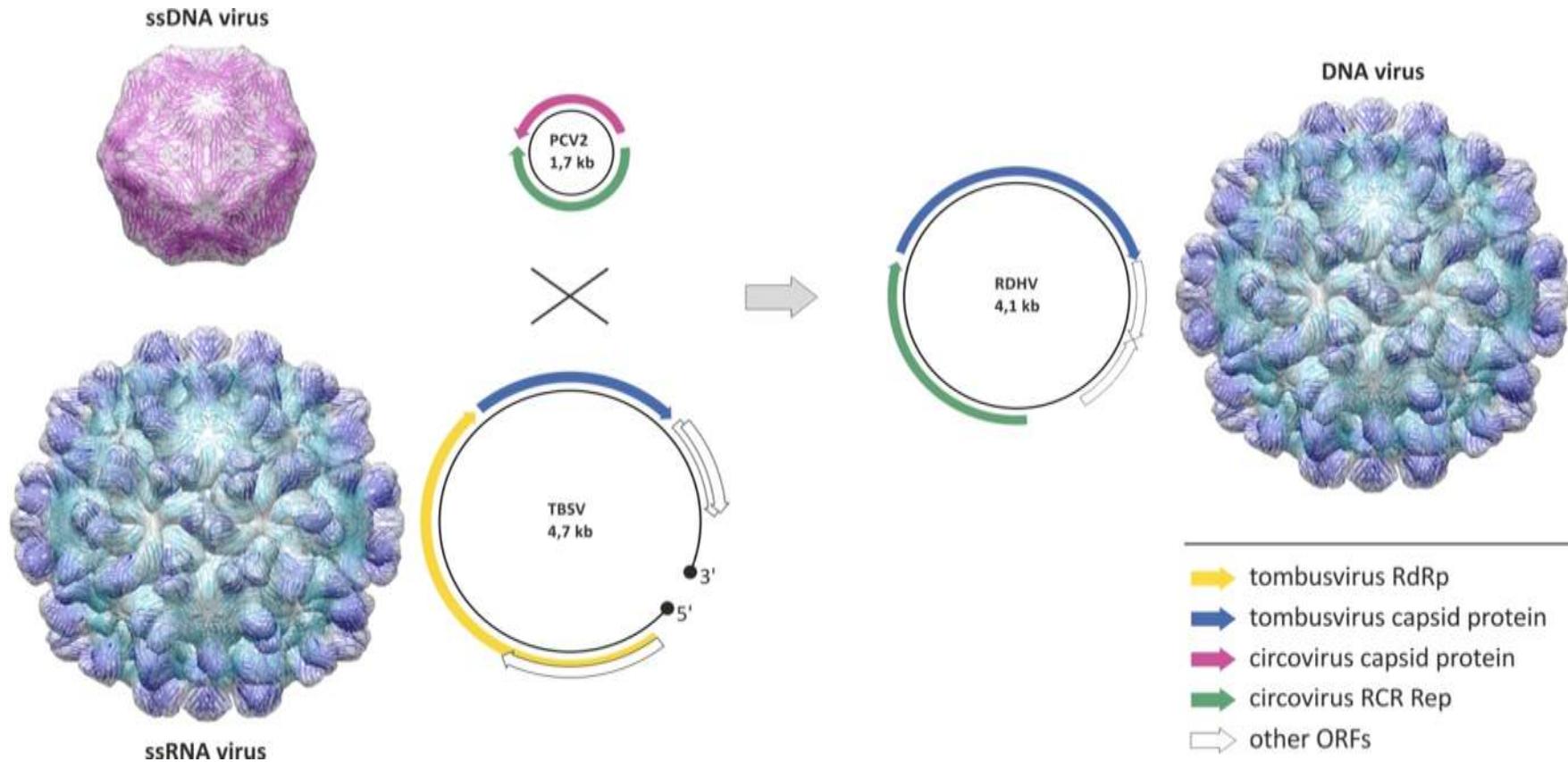
Porcine circovirus : 1.7kb
ssDNA



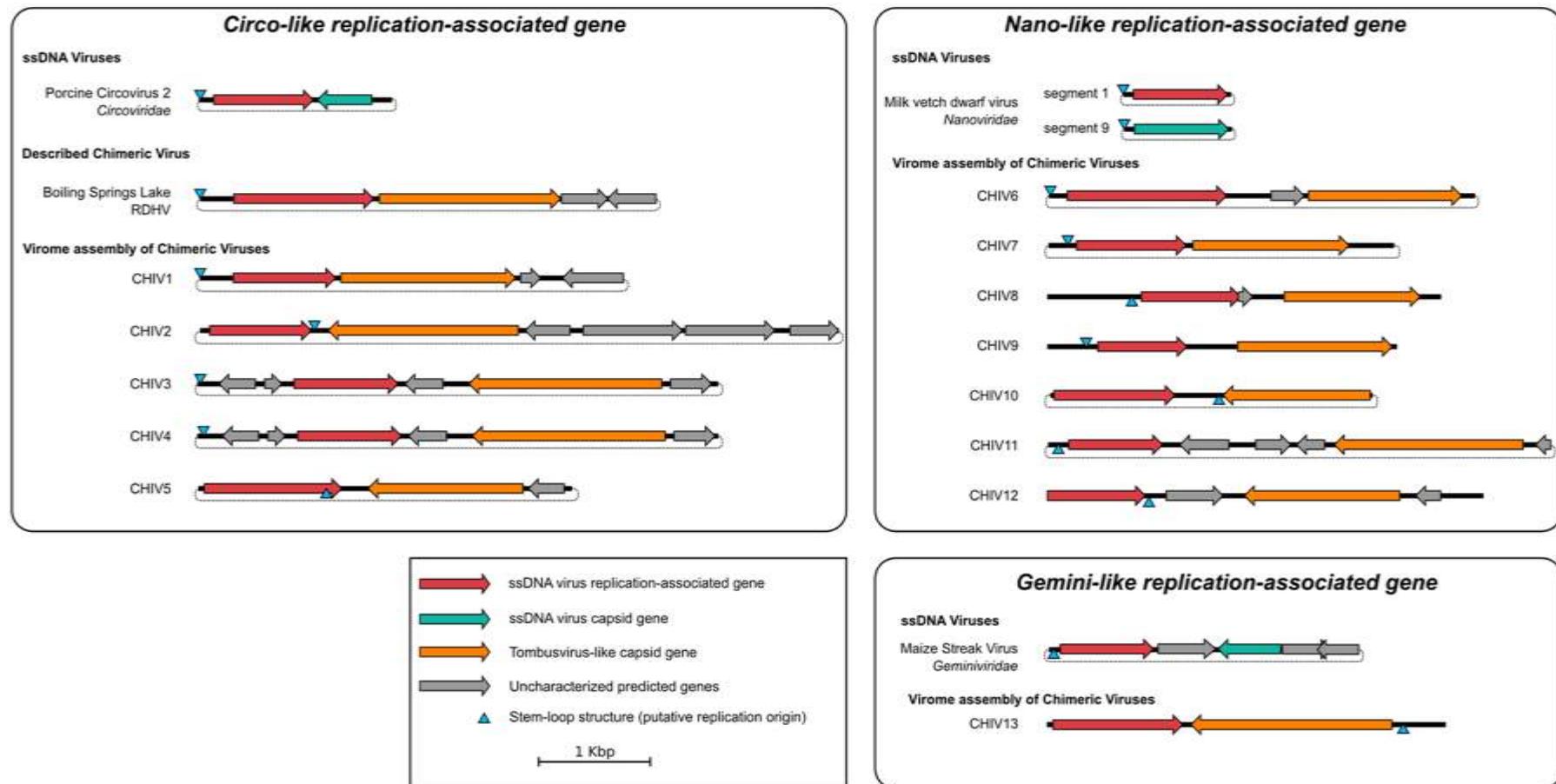
Chimeric viruses: RNA-DNA hybrid virus (RDHV)



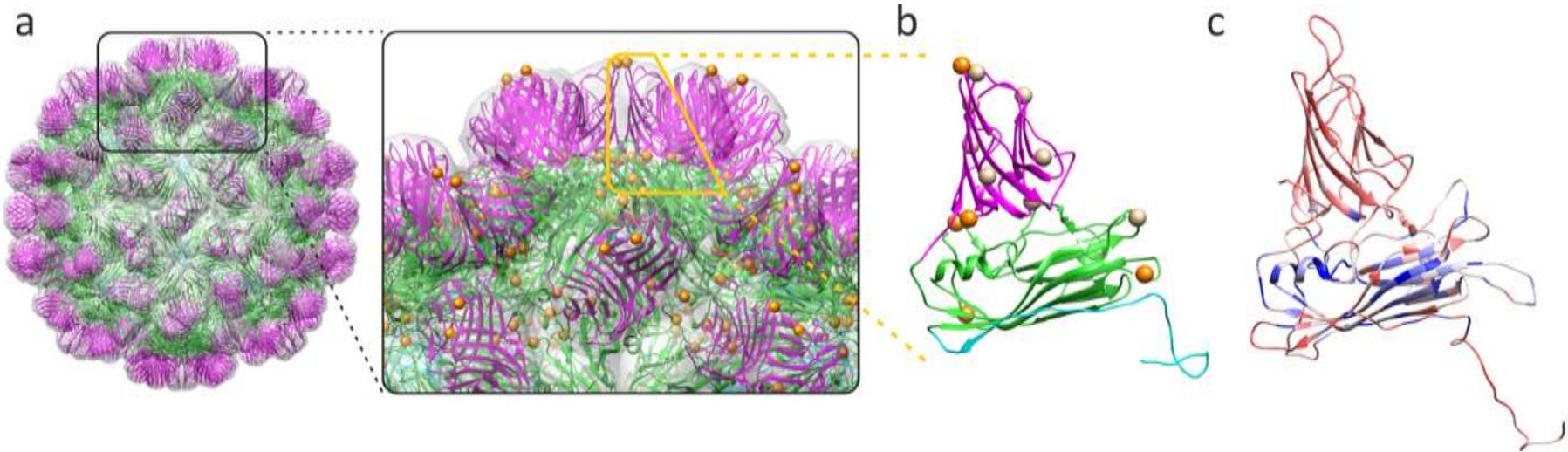
Recombination between RNA and DNA viruses



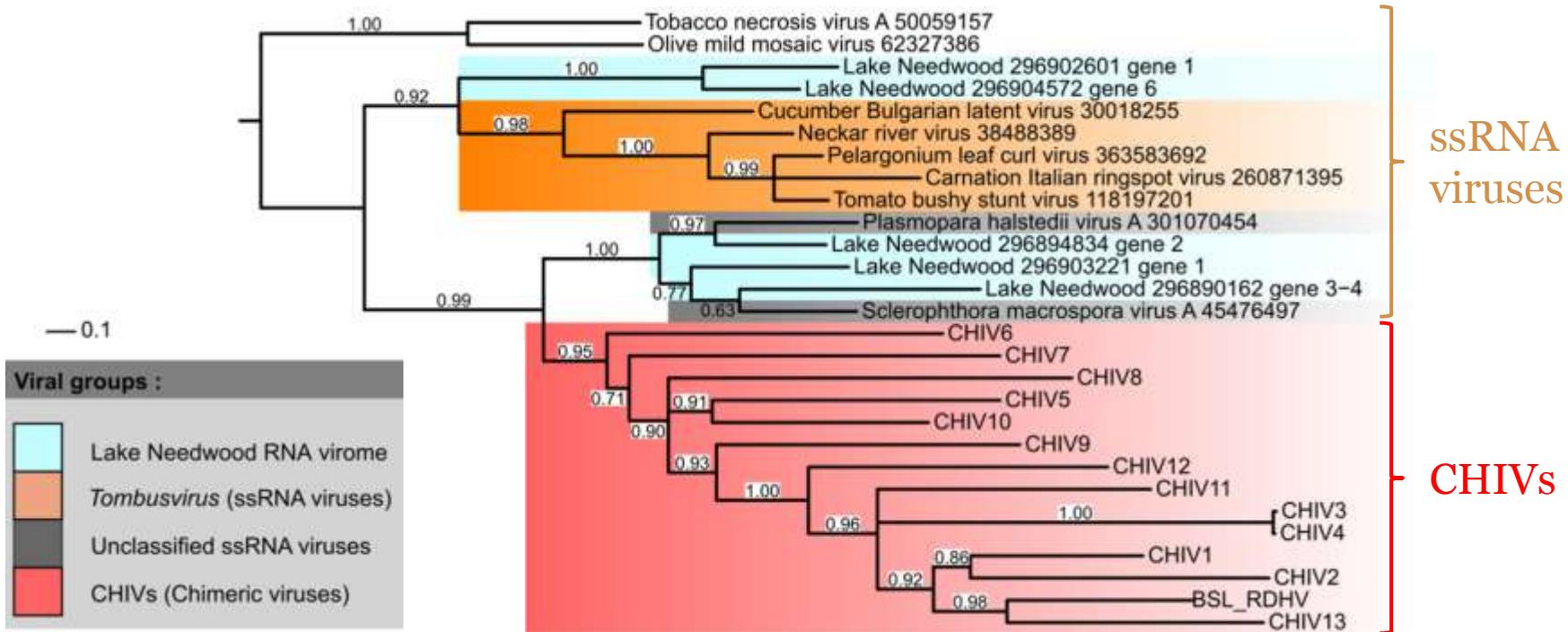
Chimeric viruses display various genome organizations



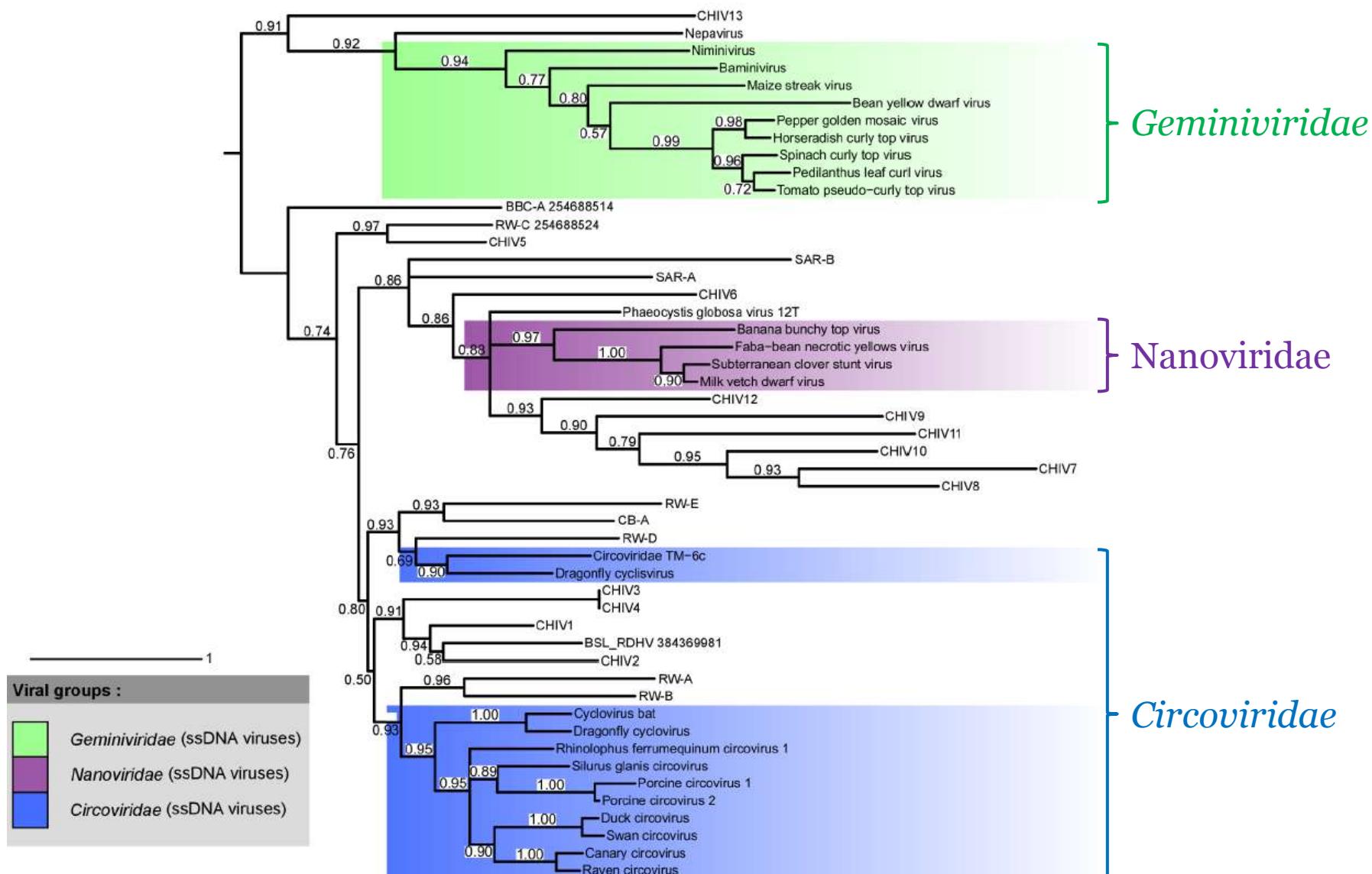
All chimeric viruses encode tombusvirus-like CPs



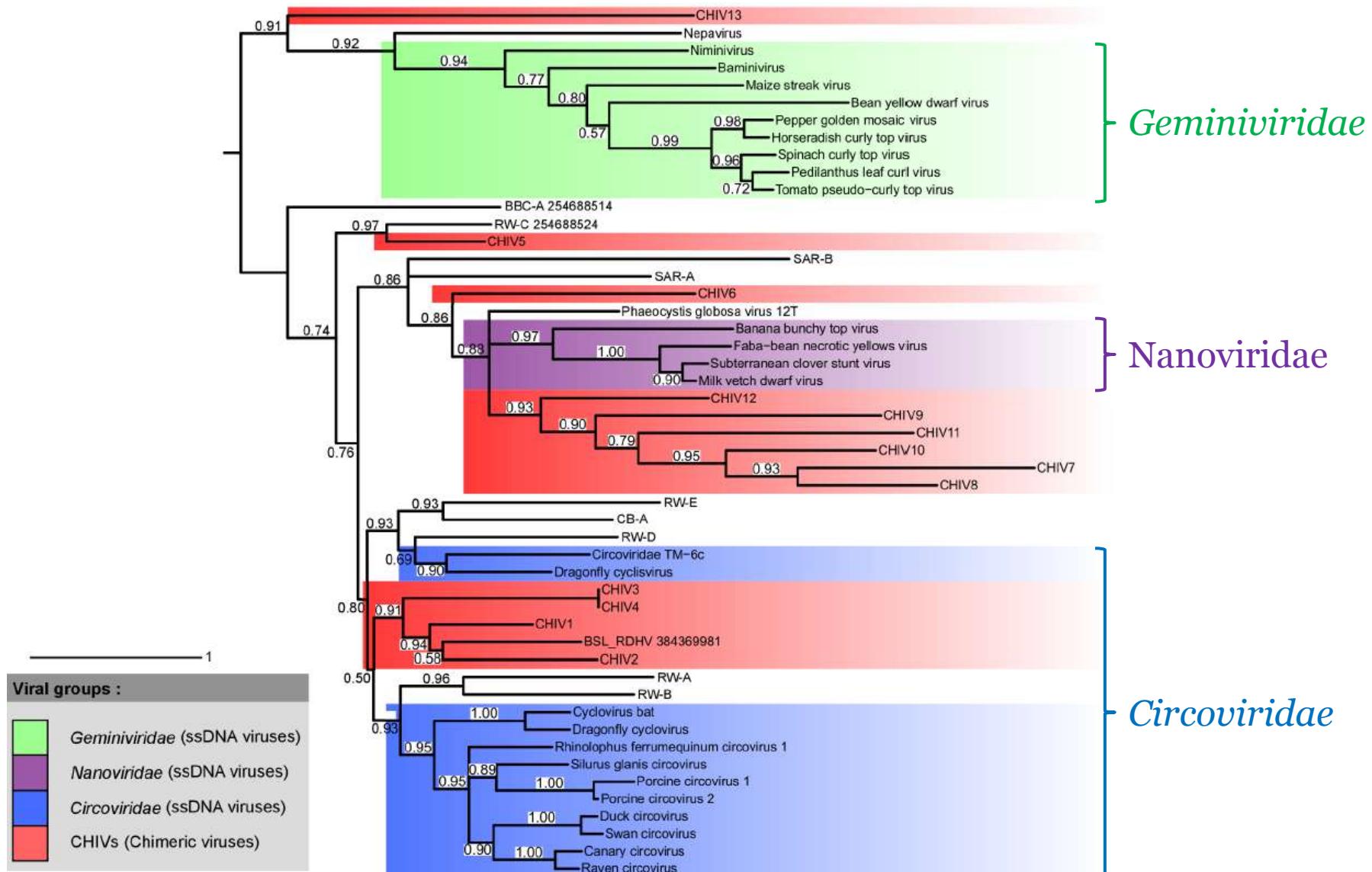
Unique CP gene transfer between RNA and DNA viruses

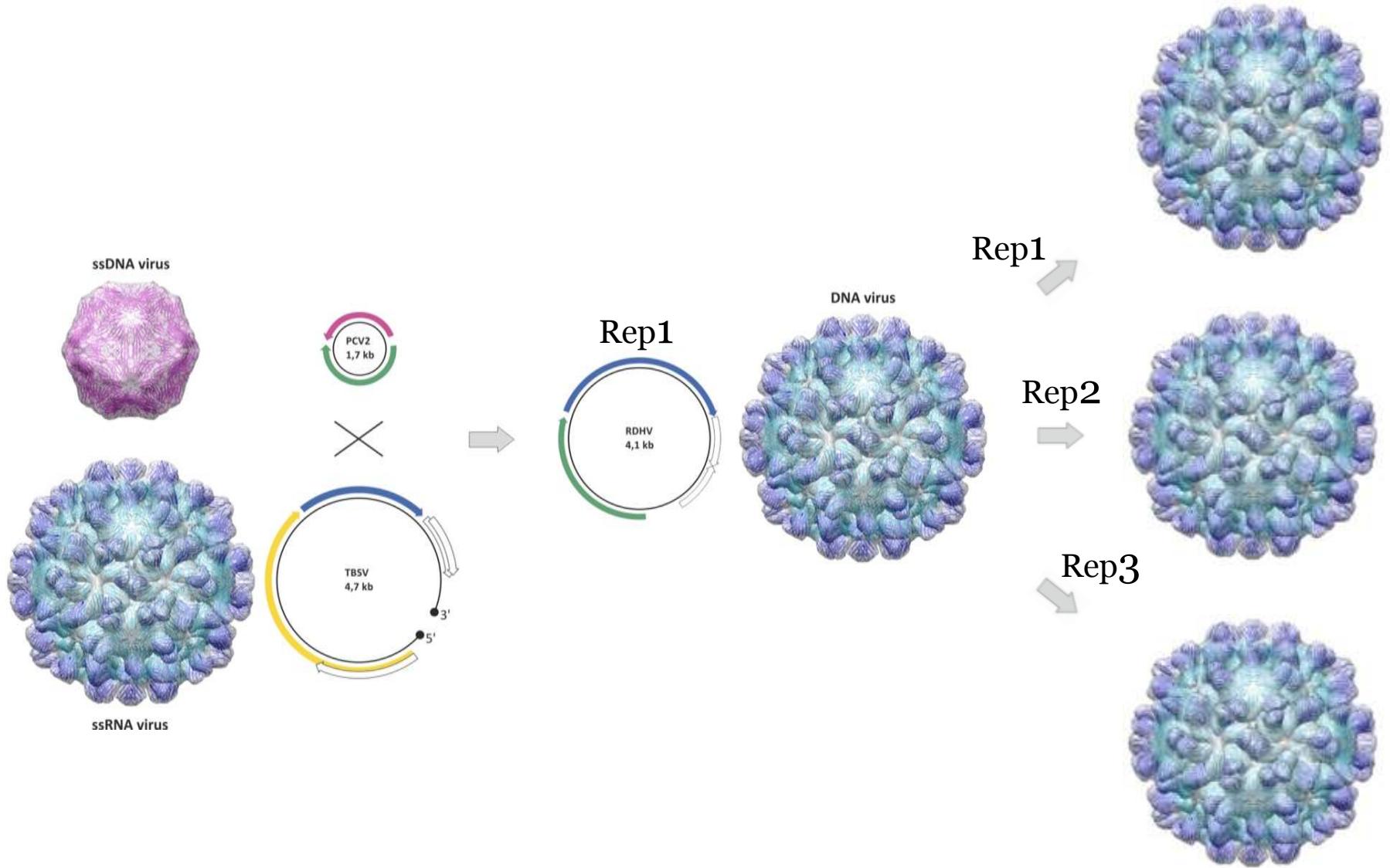


Multiple transfers of the RC Rep genes

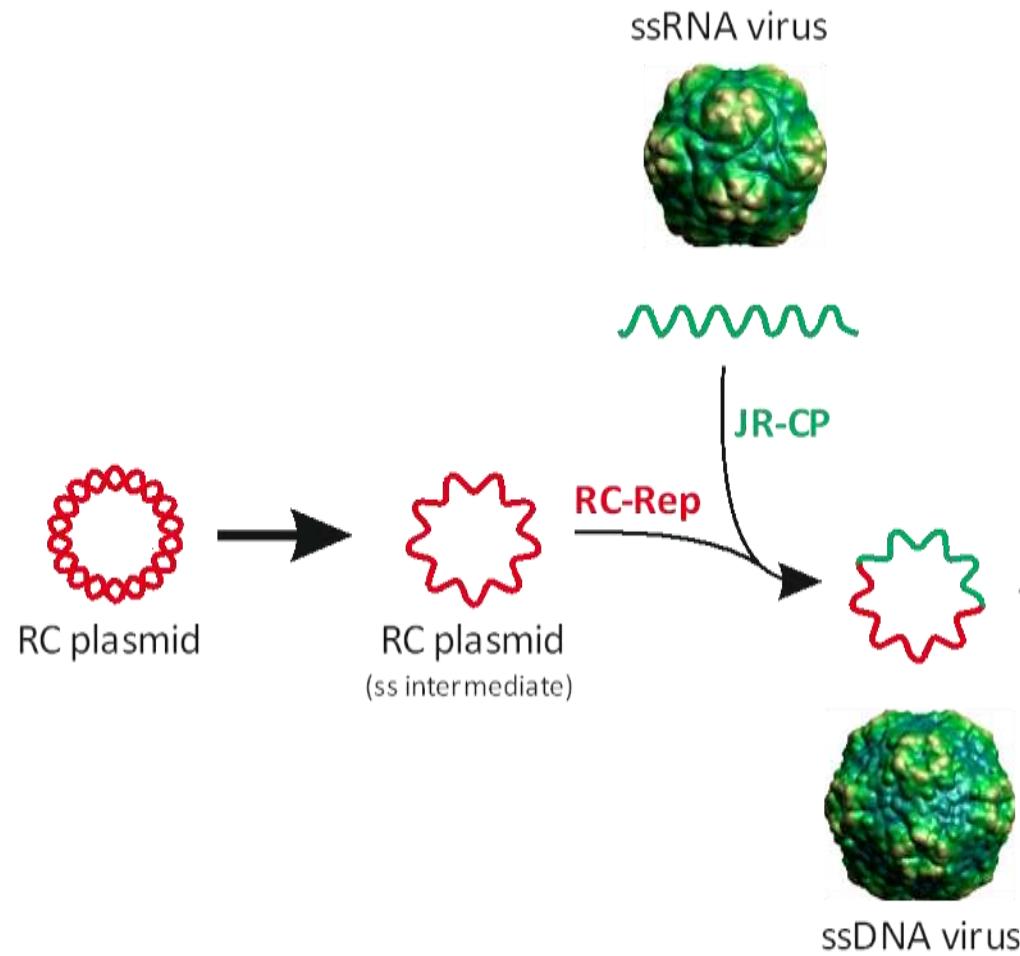


Multiple transfers of the RC Rep genes

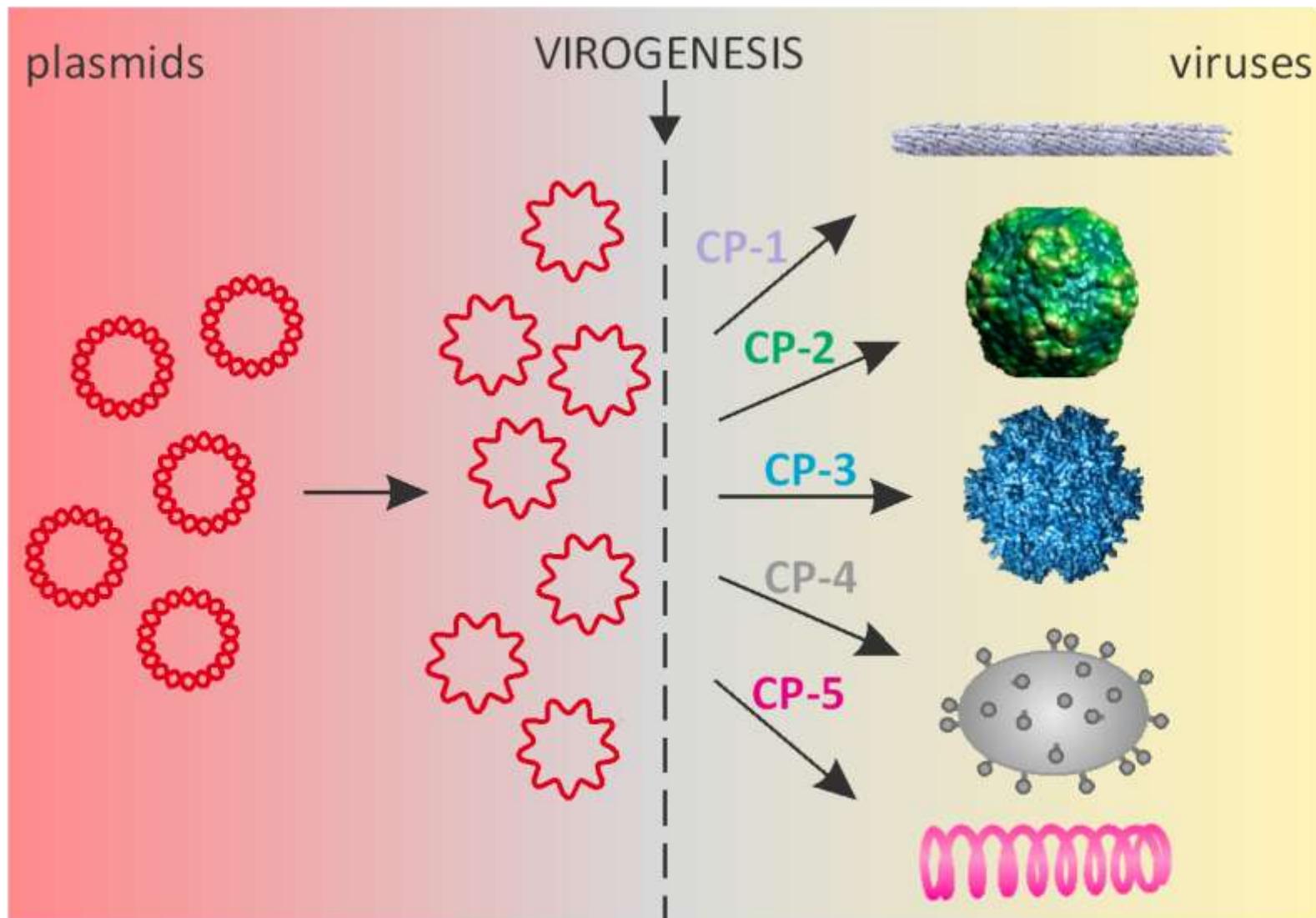




Evolutionary continuum between ssRNA and ssDNA viruses



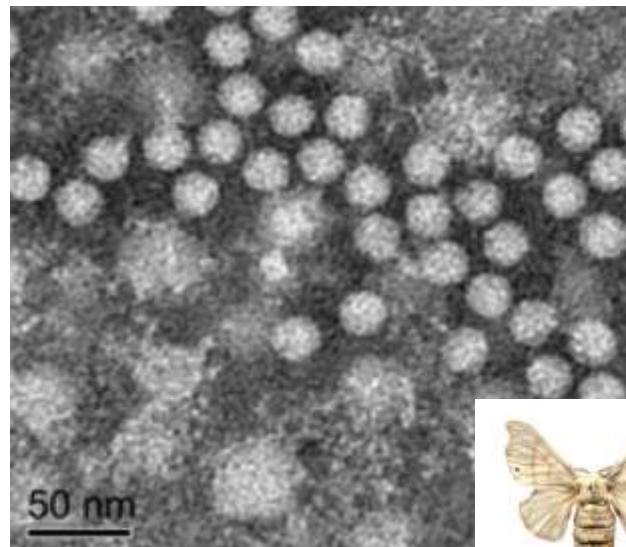
Polyphyletic origin of ssDNA viruses



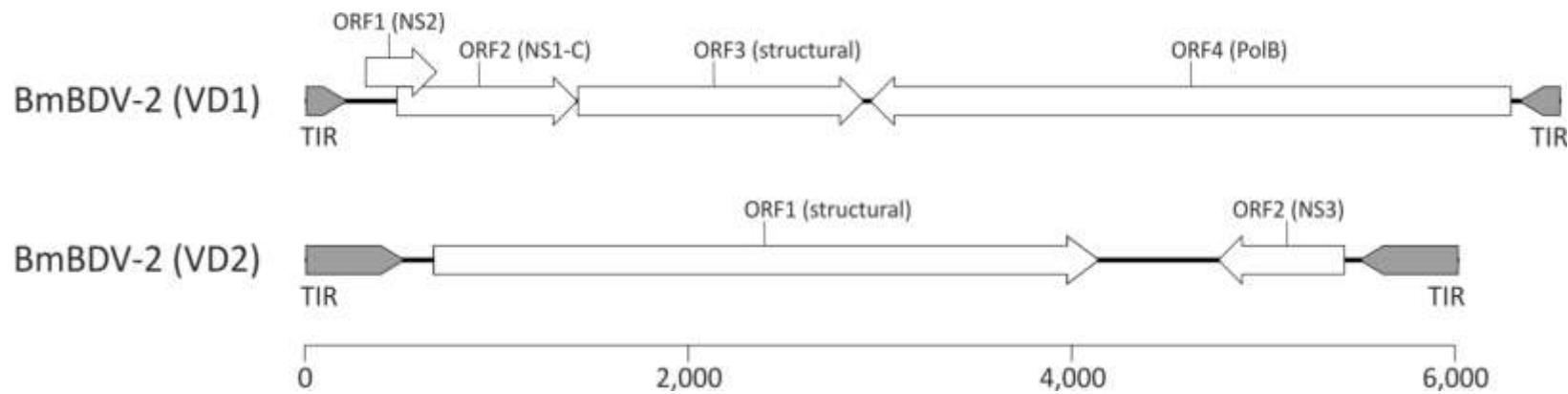


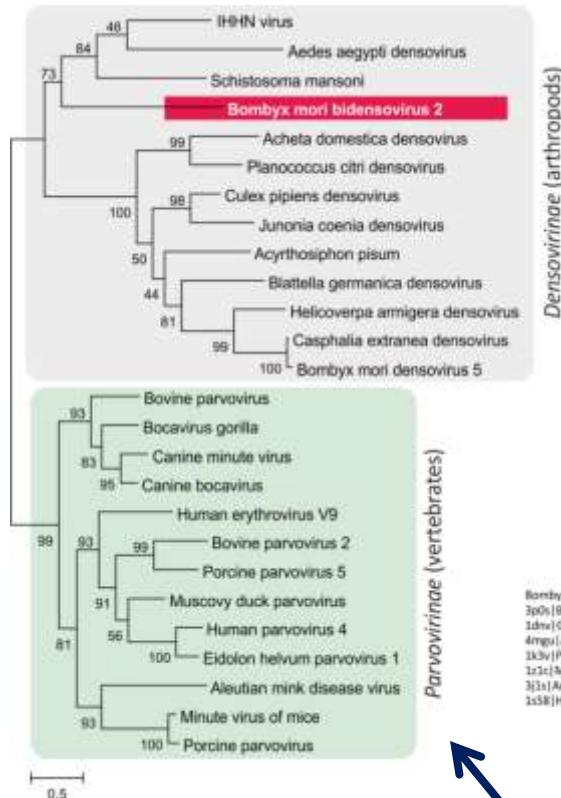
*Extreme genetic mosaicism
in the Bidnaviridae*

Bidnaviridae



- Infect silkworm (*Bombyx mori*);
- Bipartite, linear ssDNA genome;
- Virions are spherical, non-enveloped;
- TIRs do not form typical T-shaped structures;
- Encode protein-primed PolB.





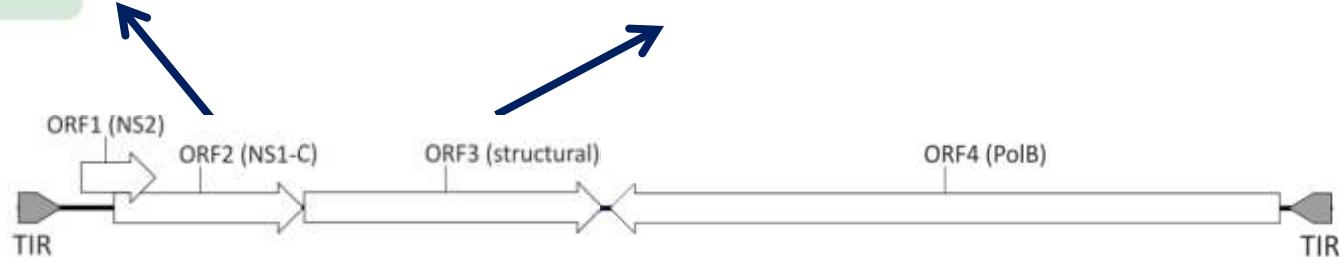
Densovirinae (arthropods)

Parvovirinae (vertebrates)

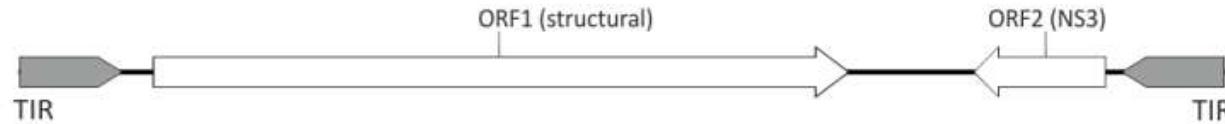
	$\beta\beta$	$\beta\zeta$	$\beta\delta$	$\beta\epsilon$	$\beta\zeta$	$\beta\gamma$	$\beta\eta$	$\beta\iota$	
Bombyx mori bidensvirus 2	68	KPQGKQHDFEDTENI	9	HEDCPT	16	TDEEEDGEGTETT	29	CEW	172
3905 Bombyx mori densovirus 1	61	KEEVVYVYKPFAT	25	HEDCPT	17	TEEDVYVYKPFAT	62	CEW	99
1dmr Galleria mellonella densovirus	35	KELDQKQHDFEDTENI	14	AEDCPT	20	TEEDVYVYKPFAT	92	CEW	98
4mgv Acheta domesticus densovirus	35	KFPTKQHDFEDTENI	21	GDPFPT	12	PTEDVYVYKPFAT	102	CEW	96
1k3v Porcine parvovirus	60	VEITKQHDFEDTENI	36	SLLQWAA	17	TDVQVYVYKPFAT	87	CEW	95
1z1c Minute virus of mice	23	VETKQHDFEDTENI	31	SLLQWAA	17	TDVQVYVYKPFAT	75	CEW	94
3j1s Adeno-associated virus 2	21	EPITKQHDFEDTENI	22	CQEVWAA	4	TDVQVYVYKPFAT	18	CEW	93
2s3E Human parvovirus B19	34	HEITKQHDFEDTENI	40	QELQWAA	19	TDVQVYVYKPFAT	65	CEW	92

0.5

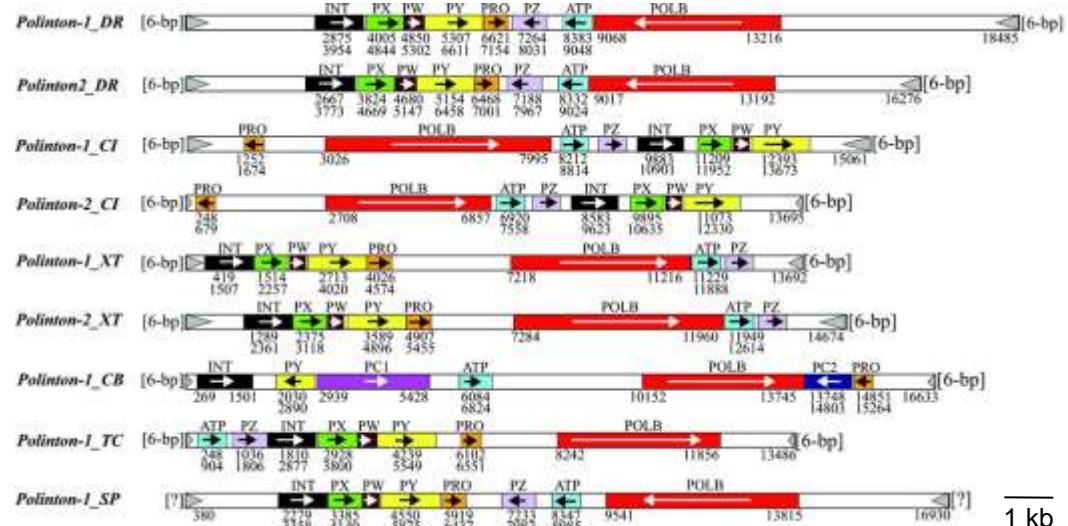
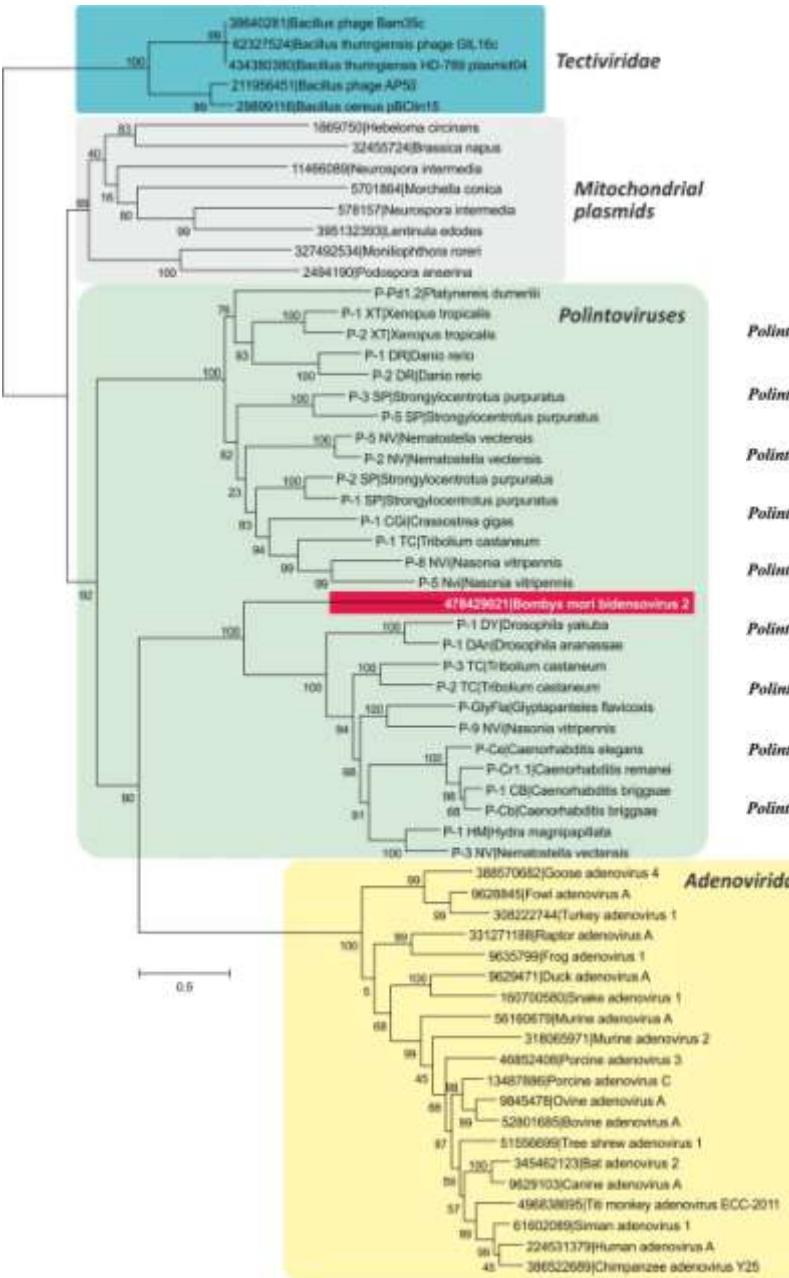
BmBDV-2 (VD1)



BmBDV-2 (VD2)



0 2,000 4,000 6,000



1 kb

Kapitonov and Jurka, Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A 2006

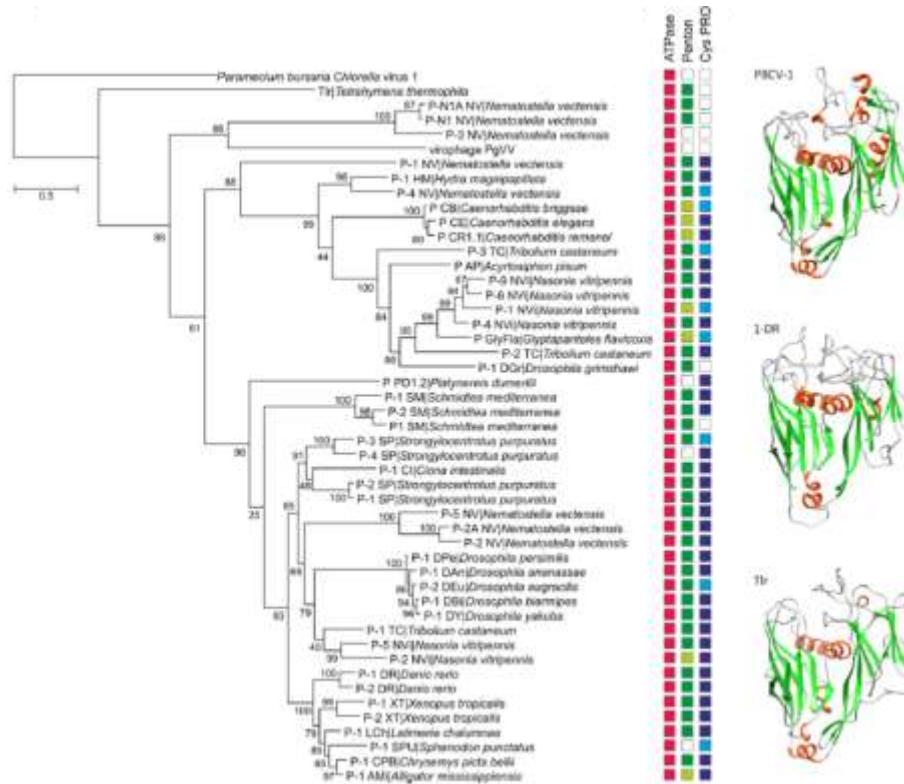
Krupovic and Koonin, Sci Rep 2014

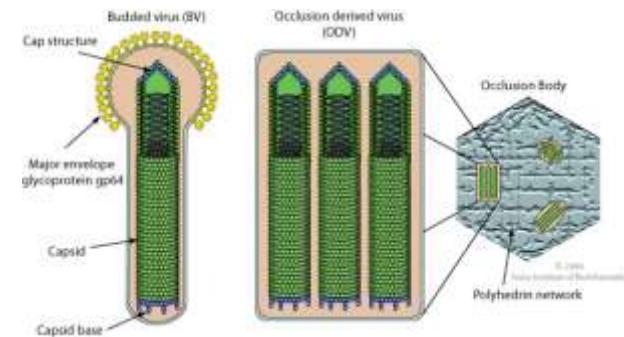
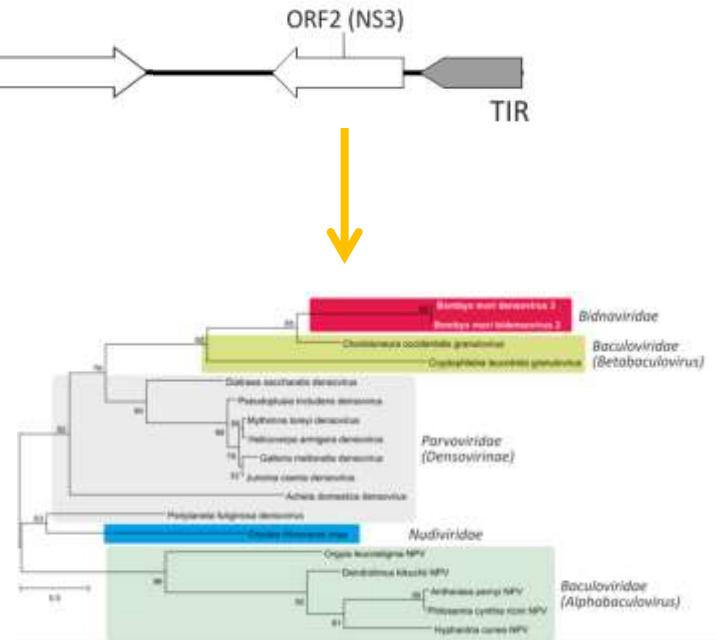
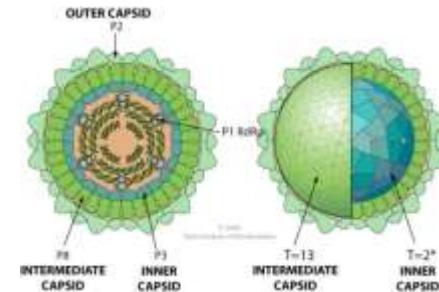
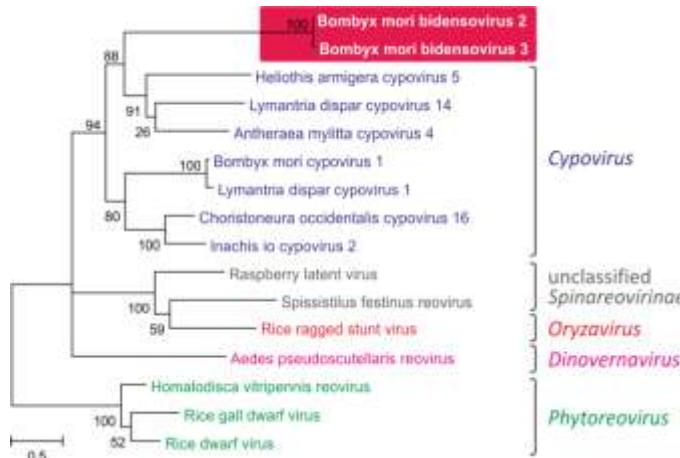
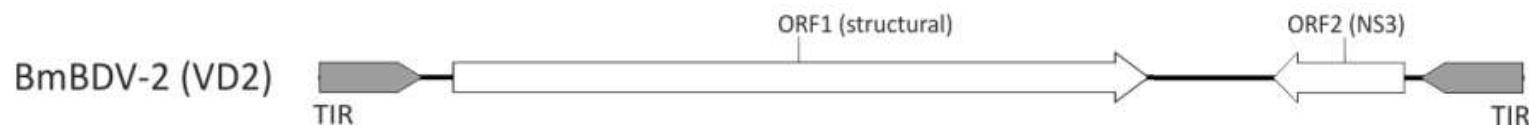
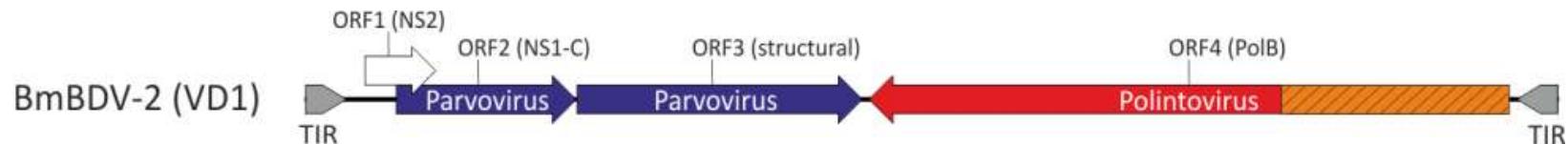
DISCOVERY NOTES

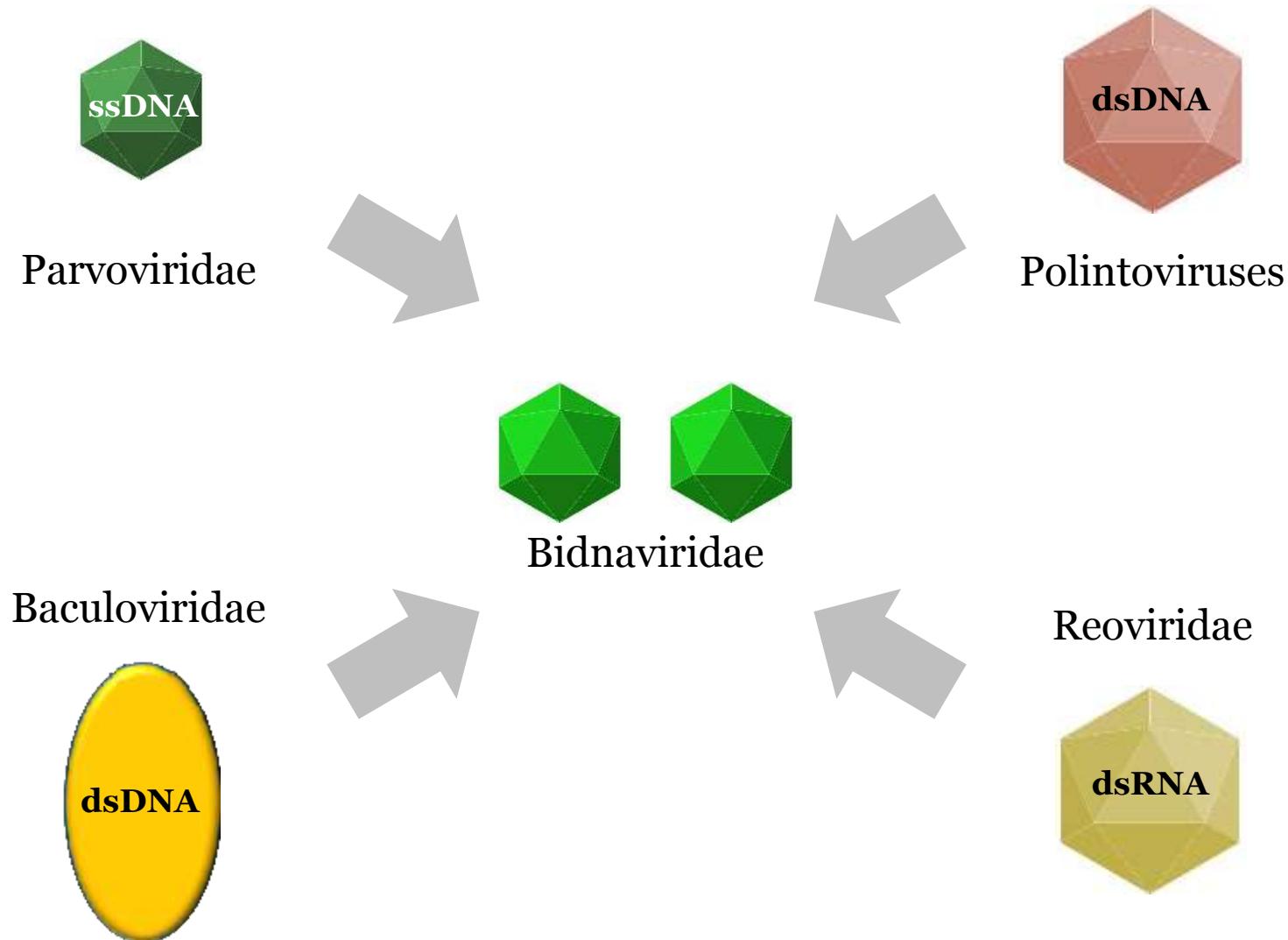
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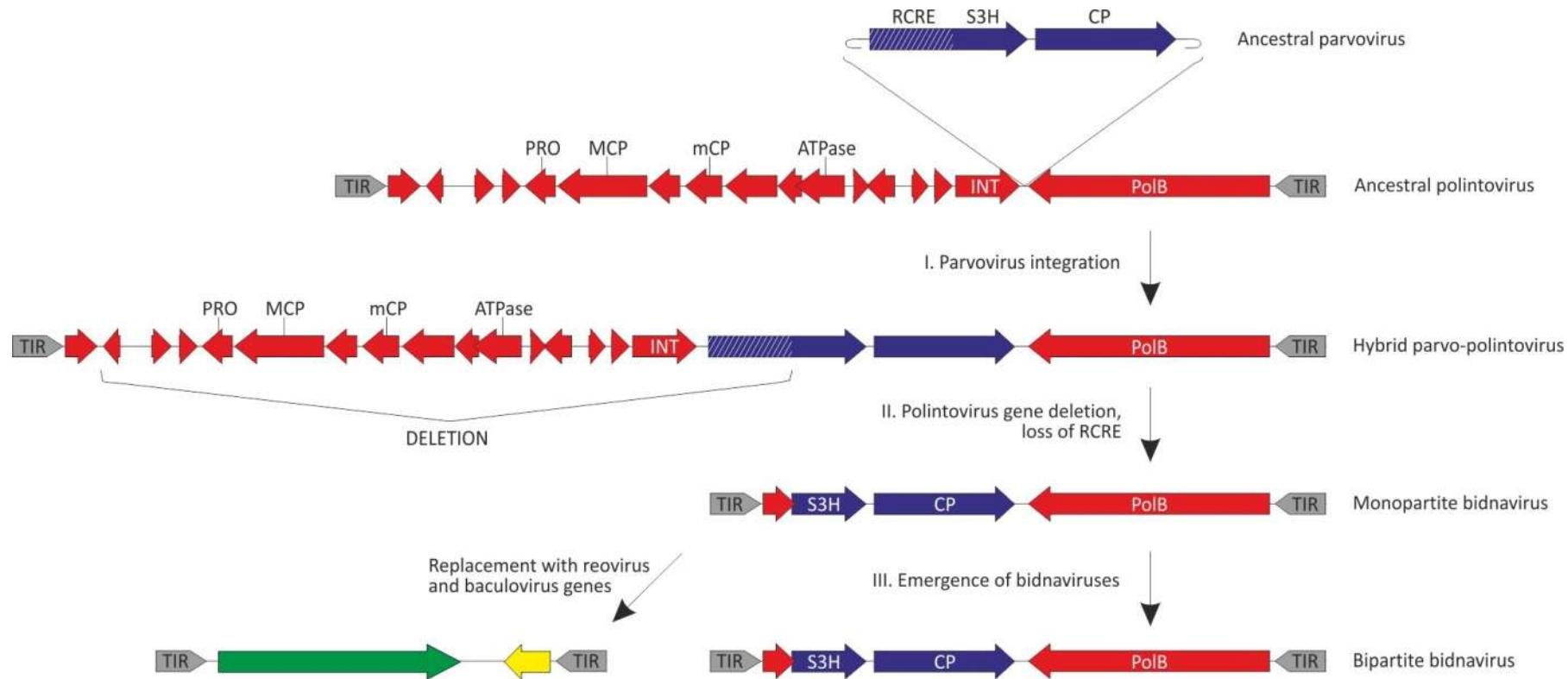
Conservation of major and minor jelly-roll capsid proteins in Polinton (Maverick) transposons suggests that they are bona fide viruses

Mart Krupovic^{1*}, Dennis H Bamford² and Eugene V Koonin^{3*}

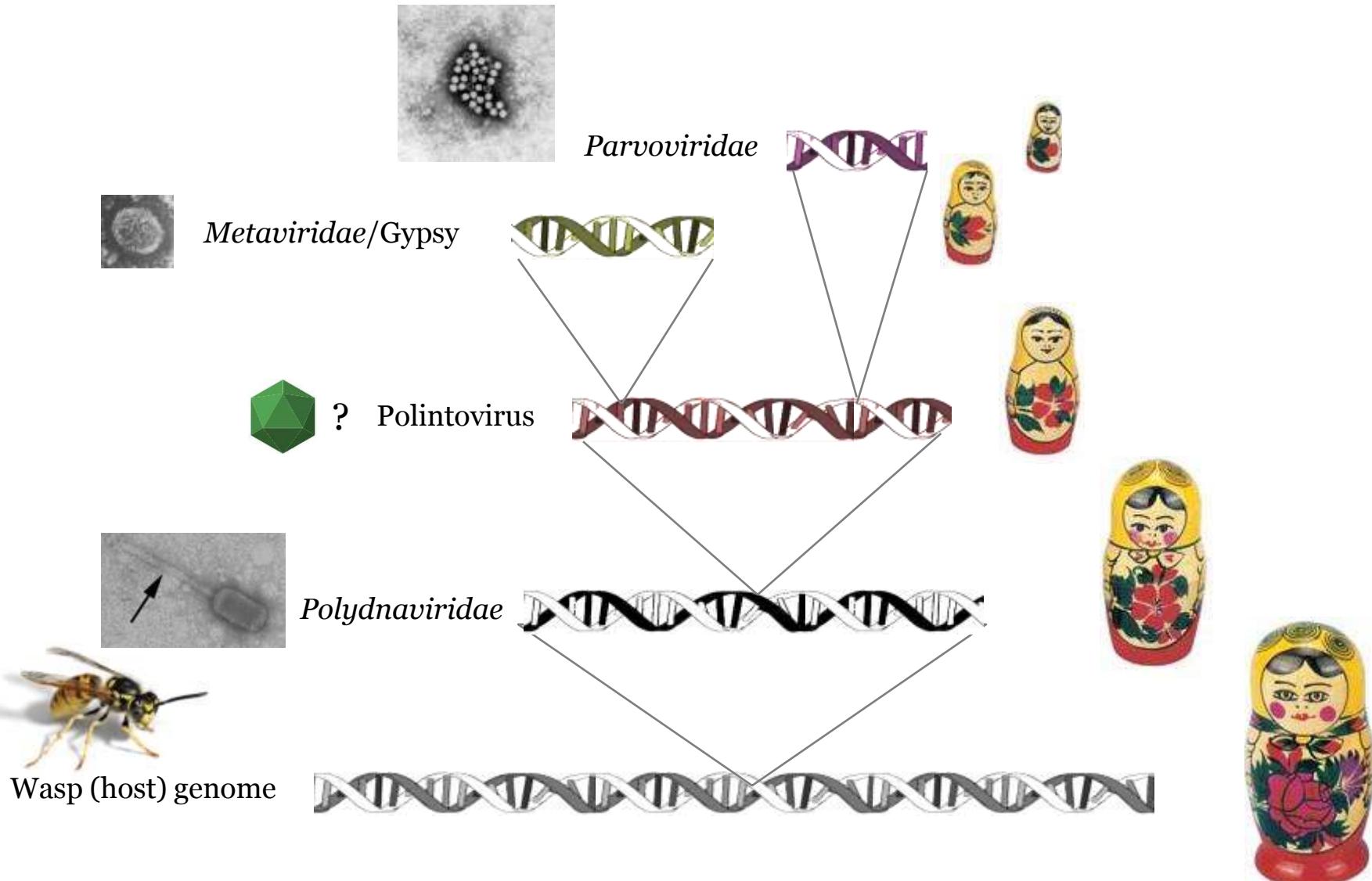




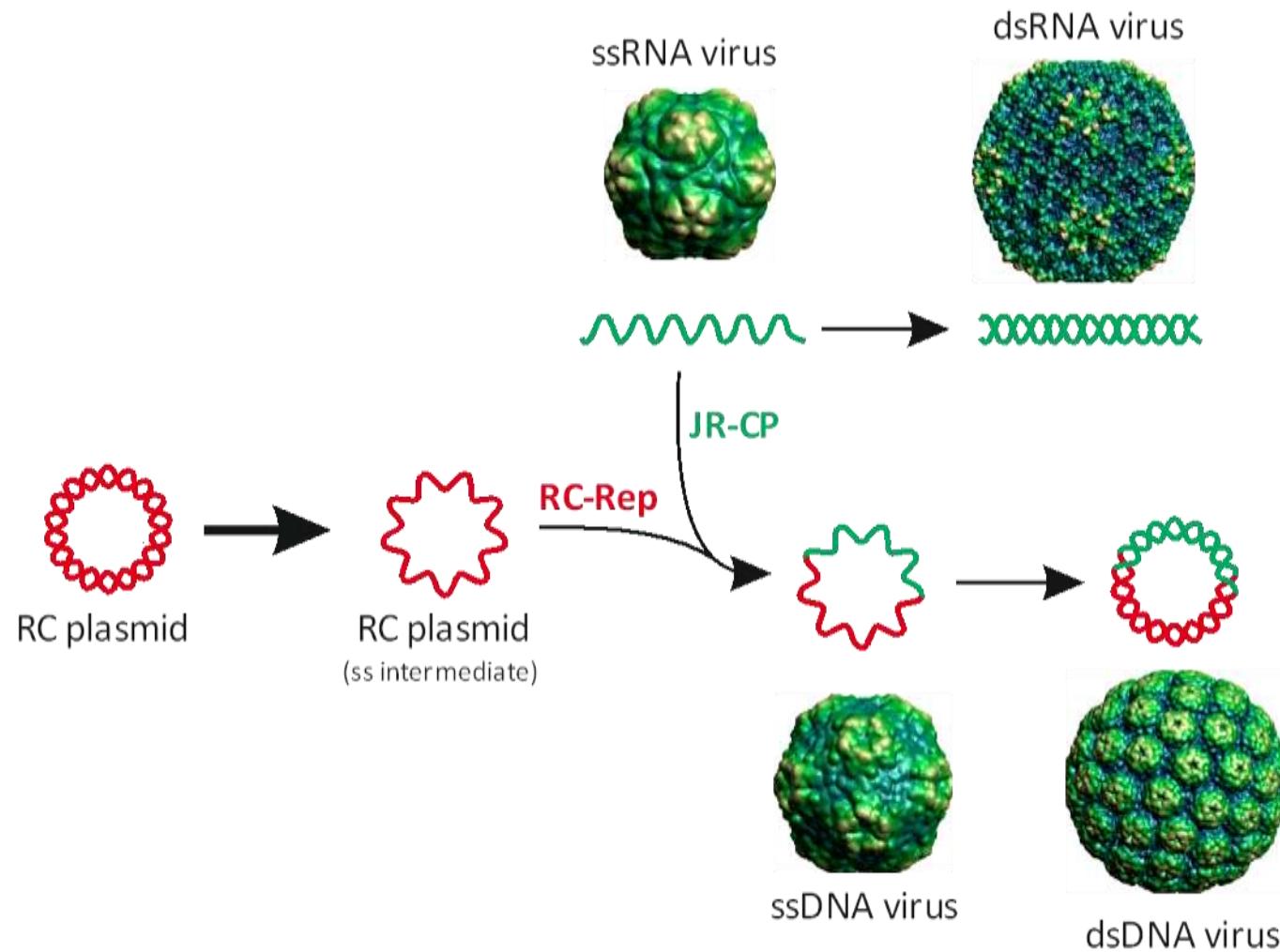




Viral 'Russian doll'



Evolutionary continuum between small RNA and DNA viruses



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